



Handbook on Multiple Listing Policy

The compliance classification category of each item is denoted by the following symbol:

- M** Mandatory*
- R** Recommended
- O** Optional
- I** Informational
- L** Local

The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS® Board of Directors Adopted 05/19

NAR Approved x/19

*Adoption is necessary to ensure compliance with mandatory policies established by the National Association of REALTORS® Board of Directors and coverage under the National Association's master professional liability insurance policy.

Part One: Key Definitions

Section 1 Multiple Listing Service (MLS) Defined

A multiple listing service is:

- a facility for the orderly correlation and dissemination of listing information so participants may better serve their clients and customers and the public
- a means by which authorized participants make blanket unilateral offers of compensation to other participants (acting as subagents, buyer agents, or in other agency or nonagency capacities defined by law)
- a means of enhancing cooperation among participants
- a means by which information is accumulated and disseminated to enable authorized participants to prepare appraisals, analyses, and other valuations of real property for bona fide clients and customers
- a means by which participants engaging in real estate appraisal contribute to common databases *(Revised 11/04)*

Entitlement to compensation is determined by the cooperating broker's performance as procuring cause of the sale (or lease). *(Revised 11/94)*

While offers of compensation made by listing brokers to cooperating brokers through MLS are unconditional,* a listing broker's obligation to compensate a cooperating broker who was the procuring cause of sale (or lease) may be excused if it is determined through arbitration that, through no fault of the listing broker and in the exercise of good faith and reasonable care, it was impossible or financially unfeasible for the listing broker to collect a commission pursuant to the listing agreement. In such instances, entitlement to cooperative compensation offered through MLS would be a question to be determined by an arbitration hearing panel based on all relevant facts and circumstances including, but not limited to, why it was impossible or financially unfeasible for the listing broker to collect some or all of the commission established in the listing agreement; at what point in the transaction did the listing broker know (or should have known) that some or all of the commission established in the listing agreement might not be paid; and how promptly had the listing broker communicated to cooperating brokers that the commission established in the listing agreement might not be paid. *(Revised 11/98)*

*Compensation is unconditional except where local MLS rules permit listing brokers to reserve the right to reduce compensation offers to cooperating brokers in the event that the commission established in a listing contract is reduced by court action. Refer to Part Two, G., Section 1, Information Specifying the Compensation on Each Listing Filed with a Multiple Listing Service of an Association of REALTORS®, Handbook on Multiple Listing Policy. *(Adopted 11/98, Revised 11/09)*

Section 2 Definition of MLS Participant (Policy Statement 7.9)

Where the term REALTOR® is used in this explanation of policy in connection with the word member or the word participant, it shall be construed to mean the REALTOR® principal or principals, of this or any other association, or a firm comprised of REALTOR® principals participating in a multiple listing service owned and operated by the board. Participatory rights shall be held by an individual principal broker unless determined by the association or MLS to be held by a firm. It shall not be construed to include individuals other than a principal or principals who are REALTORS® members of this or any other association, or who are legally entitled to participate without association membership. However, under no circumstances is any individual or firm, regardless of membership status, entitled to MLS membership or participation unless they hold a current, valid real estate broker's license and offer or accept cooperation and compensation to and from other participants or are licensed or certified by an appropriate state regulatory agency to engage in the appraisal of real property. Use of information developed by or published by an association multiple listing service is strictly limited to the activities authorized under a participant's licensure(s) or certification and unauthorized uses are prohibited. *(Amended 11/08)*

Mere possession of a broker's license is not sufficient to qualify for MLS participation. Rather, the requirement that an individual or firm offers or accepts cooperation and compensation means that the participant actively endeavors during the operation of its real estate business to list real property of the type listed on the MLS and/or to accept offers of cooperation and compensation made by listing brokers or agents in the MLS. "Actively" means on a continual and ongoing basis during the operation of the participant's real estate business. The "actively" requirement is not intended to preclude MLS participation by a participant or potential participant that operates a real estate business on a part-time, seasonal, or similarly time-limited basis or that has its business interrupted by periods of relative inactivity occasioned by market conditions. Similarly, the requirement is not intended to deny MLS participation to a participant or potential participant who has not achieved a minimum number of transactions despite good faith efforts. Nor is it intended to permit an MLS to deny participation based on the level of service provided by the participant or potential participant as long as the level of service satisfies state law. *(Adopted 11/08)*

The key is that the participant or potential participant actively endeavors to make or accept offers of cooperation and compensation with respect to properties of the type that are listed on the MLS in which participation is sought. This requirement does not permit an MLS to deny participation to a participant or potential participant that operates a "Virtual Office Website" (VOW) (including a VOW that the participant uses to refer customers to other participants) if the participant or potential participant actively endeavors to make or accept offers of cooperation and compensation. An MLS may evaluate whether a participant or potential participant actively endeavors during the operation of its real estate business to offer or accept cooperation and compensation only if the MLS has a reasonable basis to believe that the participant or potential participant is in fact not doing so. The membership requirement shall be applied in a nondiscriminatory manner to all participants and potential participants. *(Adopted 11/08)*

Further, none of the foregoing is intended to convey participation or membership or any right of access to information developed by or published by an association multiple listing service where access to such information is prohibited by law. Additionally, the foregoing does not prohibit association multiple listing services, at their discretion, from categorizing non-principal brokers, sales licensees, licensed and certified appraisers and others affiliated with the MLS members or participants as users or subscribers and, holding such individuals personally subject to the rules and regulations and any other governing provisions of the MLS and to discipline for violations thereof. MLSs may, as a matter of local determination, limit participatory rights to individual principal brokers, or to their firms, and to licensed or certified appraisers, who maintain an office or Internet presence from which they are available to represent real estate sellers, buyers, lessors or lessees or from which they provide appraisal services. *(Amended 5/02)*

Where the terms subscriber or user are used in connection with a multiple listing service owned or operated by an association of REALTORS®, they refer to non-principal brokers, sales licensees, and licensed and certified real estate appraisers affiliated with an MLS participant and may, as a matter of local option, also include a participant's affiliated unlicensed administrative and clerical staff, personal assistants, and individuals seeking licensure or certification as real estate appraisers provided that any such individual is under the direct supervision of an MLS participant or the participant's licensed designee. If such access is available to unlicensed or uncertified individuals, their access is subject to the rules and regulations, the payment of applicable fees and charges (if any), and the limitations and restrictions of state law. None of the foregoing shall diminish the participant's ultimate responsibility for ensuring compliance with the rules and regulations of the MLS by all individuals affiliated with the participant. *(Adopted 4/92)*

Under the Board of Choice policy, MLS participatory rights shall be available to any REALTOR® (principal) or any firm comprised of REALTOR® (principals) irrespective of where they hold primary membership subject only to their agreement to abide by any MLS rules or regulations; agreement to arbitrate disputes with other participants; and payment of any MLS dues, fees, and charges. Participatory rights granted under Board of Choice do not confer voting privileges or eligibility for office as an MLS committee member, officer, or director, except as granted at the discretion of the local board and/or MLS. *(Amended 5/97)*

The universal access to services component of Board of Choice is to be interpreted as requiring that MLS participatory rights be available to REALTORS® principals, or to firms comprised of REALTOR® principals, irrespective of where primary or secondary membership is held. This does not preclude an MLS from assessing REALTORS® not holding primary or secondary membership locally fees, dues, or charges that exceed those or, alternatively, that are less than those charged participants holding such memberships locally or additional fees to offset actual expenses incurred in providing MLS services such as courier charges, long distance phone charges, etc., or for charging any participant specific fees for optional additional services. *(Amended 11/96)*

None of the foregoing shall be construed as requiring an association to grant MLS participatory rights, under Board of Choice, where such rights have been previously terminated by action of that association's board of directors. *(Adopted 11/95)* **M**

Section 3 Definitions of Various Types of Listing Agreements (Policy Statement 7.50)

Except where state law provides otherwise, the following terms shall be defined as follows when used in rules and regulations of any multiple listing service owned or operated by one or more associations of REALTORS®. *(Amended 5/06)*

Exclusive Right-to-Sell Listing: A contractual agreement under which the listing broker acts as the agent or as the legally recognized non-agency representative of the seller(s), and the seller(s) agrees to pay a commission to the listing broker, regardless of whether the property is sold through the efforts of the listing broker, the seller(s), or anyone else; and a contractual agreement under which the listing broker acts as the agent or as the legally recognized non-agency representative of the seller(s), and the seller(s) agrees to pay a commission to the listing broker regardless of whether the property is sold through the efforts of the listing broker, the seller(s), or anyone else, except that the seller(s) may name one or more individuals or entities as exemptions in the listing agreement and if the property is sold to any exempted individual or entity, the seller(s) is not obligated to pay a commission to the listing broker. *(Amended 5/06)*

Exclusive Agency Listing: A contractual agreement under which the listing broker acts as the agent or as the legally recognized non-agency representative of the seller(s), and the seller(s) agrees to pay a commission to the listing broker if the property is sold through the efforts of any real estate broker. If the property is sold solely through the efforts of the seller(s), the seller(s) is not obligated to pay a commission to the listing broker. *(Amended 5/06)*

Open Listing: A contractual agreement under which the listing broker acts as the agent or as the legally recognized non-agency representative of the seller(s), and the seller(s) agrees to pay a commission to the listing broker only if the property is sold through the efforts of the listing broker. *(Amended 5/06)*

Note: These definitions are provided to facilitate categorization of listings in MLS compilations. In any area of conflict or inconsistency, state law or regulation takes precedence. If state law permits brokers to list property, on either an exclusive or open basis, without establishing an agency relationship, listings may not be excluded from MLS compilations on the basis that the listing broker is not the seller's agent. *(Adopted 11/93, Amended 5/06)*

Section 4 Listing Content Defined (Policy Statement 7.86)

"Listing content" as used in the National Association's multiple listing policies, including the model MLS rules and regulations, includes, but is not limited to, photographs, images, graphics, audio and video recordings, virtual tours, drawings, descriptions, remarks, narratives, pricing information, and other details or information related to listed property. *(Adopted 5/06)* **M**

Section 5 Additional Terms

A/C Status - Active listing with a contract specifically stating that the buyer(s) have a property to sell or to close prior to the purchasing of the property listed. No other contingency is allowed for a listing to be designated with an A/C status.

BBO – (Broker Back Office Feed) data feed consisting of all listings, all statuses of the requesting brokerage only, for 3 years back.

BOD - Board of Directors

Business Hours - As a working term “Business Hours” are defined as M-F (12:00am – 11:59pm) and does not include weekends (Saturday and Sunday) or recognized local Board Holidays.

Coming Soon Listing - Advertising of a listed or unlisted property prior to the property being submitted to the MLS for compilation.

Exclusive Listing - The Company that has the listing is the only company who can sell it. It does not go into MLS. (See Key Definitions, Section 3)

IDX - Internet Data Exchange – deals with the ability of MLS Participants and Subscribers to authorize limited electronic display of their listings with statuses of A(active), AC (active contingent) and U (under contract) by other participants and subscribers.

IDX Plus - Internet Data Exchange – deals with the ability of MLS Participants and Subscribers to authorize limited electronic display of their listings with statuses of A(active), AC (active contingent), U (under contract) and S(sold) by other participants and subscribers.

Listing Content - (See Key Definitions, Section 4)

Listings - Various Type of Listing Agreements - (See Key Definitions, Section 3)

LR - Louisiana REALTORS®

MLS - Multi-Listing Service

MLS Participant - (See Key Definitions, Section 1)

MLS Teams - Teams can consist of groups or two agents taking care of each other’s clients while on vacation. There are many different versions of teams. The Matrix Teams functionality makes it possible to add other agents to a team. Agents (or their assistants) may work on behalf of another agent. *MLS functionality*

NAR - National Association of REALTORS®

NON-Listed Sold - See One-Time Showing

Non-SWLAR (The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®) Member REALTOR® MLS Access – Participatory rights only as granted under Board of Choice and does not confer voting privileges or eligibility for office as an MLS committee member, officer, or director.

One-Time listing - Agent(s) represents Buyer and/or Seller. A One-Time Listing must be entered into the MLS within 72 business hours after all signatures are obtained.

One-Time Showing - is a “For Sale by Owner” (FSBO) and Buyer only is represented. Seller must sign a "One Time Showing Agreement" which allows showing of home. All information must be entered into the MLS within 24 business hours after closing. This would be a **Non-Listed Sold** and Listing Agent would be listed as a NONMEM.

Participant - (as it relates to MLS Committee Member): The Principal Broker of a participating brokerage that is a member and in good standing with The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®. (See Key Definitions Section 1)

Pocket Listings - It is a real estate industry term used in United States which denotes a property where a broker holds a signed listing agreement (or contract) with the seller, whether that be an "Exclusive Right to Sell" or "Exclusive Agency" agreement or contract, but where it is never advertised nor entered into a multiple listing system (MLS), or where advertising is limited for an agreed-upon period of time.

SMS - Short Message Services - texting technologies

Subscriber (as it relates to MLS Committee Member) - An agent or REALTOR® or REALTOR-ASSOCIATE®, that is a member and in good standing with The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS® and who is NOT designated as the Principal Broker of a participating brokerage firm.

SWLAR – The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®. Here after referred to as **“SWLAR”**

VOW - Type of data feed consisting of all status of all listing for 5 years. Commonly used for Virtual Office Website by participant or by an entity or person “Affiliated VOW Partner” (AVP) designated by participant for design or maintenance for internet website or a feature of a Participant’s website.

Waterfront Property - Real estate abutting a body of water like a lake, river, pond, canal, or ocean.

NOTES/ADDITIONAL REFERENCES:

Refer to adopted “MLS Rules and Regulations of The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®”

Refer to “National Association of REALTORS® – Handbook on Multiple Listing Policy”

Refer to Key Definitions as attached hereto.

Refer to “Select Interpretations from Official Interpretations of Article 1, Section 2 of the National Association of REALTORS® Bylaws”

Refer to “Bylaws” as adopted by The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®

Part Two: Policies

A. MLS Antitrust Compliance Policy

The purpose of multiple listing is the orderly correlation and dissemination of listing information to participants so they may better serve the buying and selling public. Boards and associations of REALTORS® and their multiple listing services shall not enact or enforce any rule which restricts, limits, or interferes with participants in their relations with each other, in their broker/client relationships, or in the conduct of their business in the following areas.

Boards and associations of REALTORS® and their MLSs shall not:

1. Fix, control, recommend, or suggest the commissions or fees charged for real estate brokerage services (Interpretation 14).
2. Fix, control, recommend, or suggest the cooperative compensation offered by listing brokers to potential cooperating brokers.
3. Base dues, fees, or charges on commissions, listed prices, or sales prices. Initial participation fees and charges should directly relate to the costs incurred in bringing services to new participants.
4. Modify, or attempt to modify, the terms of any listing agreement; this does not prohibit administrative corrections of property information necessary to ensure accuracy or consistency in MLS compilations.
5. Refuse to include any listing in an MLS compilation solely on the basis of the listed price.
6. Prohibit or discourage participants from taking exclusive agency listings or refusing to include any listing in an MLS compilation solely on the basis that the property is listed on an exclusive agency basis.
7. Prohibit or discourage participants from taking “office exclusive” listings; certification may be required from the seller or listing broker that the listing is being withheld from the MLS at the direction of the seller.
8. Give participants or subscribers blanket authority to deal with or negotiate with buyers or sellers exclusively represented by other participants (Interpretation 10).
9. Establish, or permit establishment of, any representational or contractual relationship between an MLS and sellers, buyers, landlords, or tenants.
10. Prohibit or discourage cooperation between participants and brokers that do not participate in the MLS.
11. Prohibit or discourage participants or subscribers from participating in political activities (Interpretation 15).
12. Interfere in or restrict participants in their relationships with their affiliated licensees (Interpretations 16 and 17).

As used in this policy, “rule” includes all rules, regulations, bylaws, policies, procedures, practices, guidelines, or other governance provisions, whether mandatory or not. “Multiple listing service” and “MLS” means multiple listing service committees of boards and associations of REALTORS® and separately incorporated multiple listing services owned by one or more boards or associations of REALTORS®.

These policy prohibitions are subject to and limited by applicable statutes, ordinances, and governmental regulations, to agreements entered into by an MLS or board or association of REALTORS® and an agency of government, and to final decrees of courts or administrative agencies.

This policy does not prohibit boards or associations of REALTORS® or their MLSs from adopting rules or policies establishing the legitimate uses of MLS information, from prohibiting unauthorized uses of MLS information, or from establishing rules or policies necessary to prevent illegal collective action, including price-fixing and boycotts.

It is the duty and responsibility of all boards and associations of REALTORS® and MLSs owned by or controlled by boards or associations of REALTORS® to ensure that all bylaws, rules, regulations, and other governance provisions comply with all mandatory multiple listing policies of the National Association of REALTORS®. Boards and associations of REALTORS® failing to conform with these policies will be required to show cause why their charters should not be revoked.

The numbered references refer to the official interpretations of Article I, Section 2 of the bylaws of the National Association of REALTORS®. *(Amended 11/04)* **M**

MLS
Rules and Regulations
of The
Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®

Listing Procedures

Section 1 Listing Procedures

Listings of real or personal property of the following types, which are listed subject to a real estate broker's license, and are located within the territorial jurisdiction of the multiple listing service, and are taken by participants on Exclusive Right to Sell or Exclusive Agency Listing forms accepted by the Service—See Notes 1 and 2) shall be delivered to the multiple listing service within Seventy-two (72) business hours after all necessary signatures of seller(s) have been obtained: *(Amended 11/01)*

- a. single family homes for sale or exchange
- b. vacant lots and acreage for sale or exchange
- c. two-family, three-family, and four-family residential buildings for sale or exchange

Note 1: The multiple listing service shall not require a participant to submit listings on a form other than the form the participant individually chooses to utilize provided the listing is of a type accepted by the service, although a property data form may be required as approved by the multiple listing service. However, the multiple listing service, through its legal counsel:

- may reserve the right to refuse to accept a listing form which fails to adequately protect the interests of the public and the participants
- assure that no listing form filed with the multiple listing service establishes, directly or indirectly, any contractual relationship between the multiple listing service and the client (buyer or seller)

The multiple listing service shall accept exclusive right-to-sell listing contracts and exclusive agency listing contracts and may accept other forms of agreement which make it possible for the listing broker to offer compensation to the other participants of the multiple listing service acting as subagents, buyer agents, or both. *(Amended 11/96)*

The listing agreement must include the seller's written authorization to submit the agreement to the multiple listing service. *(Amended 11/96)*

The different types of listing agreements include:

- exclusive right-to-sell
- exclusive agency

The service will not accept **net listings** because they are illegal in Louisiana. **Open listings** are not accepted by this service.

The exclusive **right-to-sell** listing is the conventional form of listing submitted to the multiple listing service in that the seller authorizes the listing broker to cooperate with and to compensate other brokers. *(Amended 4/92)*

The **exclusive agency** listing also authorizes the listing broker, as exclusive agent, to offer cooperation and compensation on blanket unilateral bases, but also reserves to the seller the general right to sell the property on an unlimited or restrictive basis. Exclusive agency listings and exclusive right-to-sell listings with named prospects exempt should be clearly distinguished by a simple designation such as a code or symbol from exclusive right-to-sell listings with no named prospects exempt, since they can present special risks of procuring cause controversies and administrative problems not posed by exclusive right-to-sell listings with no named prospects exempt. Care should be exercised to ensure that different codes or symbols are used to denote exclusive agency and exclusive right-to-sell listings with prospect reservations. *(Amended 4/92)*

Note 2: A multiple listing service does not regulate the type of listings its members may take. This does not mean that a multiple listing service must accept every type of listing. The multiple listing service shall decline to accept open listings (except where acceptance is required by law) and net listings, and it may limit its service to listings of certain kinds of property. But, if it chooses to limit the kind of listings it will accept, it shall leave its members free to accept such listings to be handled outside the multiple listing service.

Note 3: A multiple listing service may, as a matter of local option, accept exclusively listed property that is subject to auction. If such listings do not show a listed price, they may be included in a separate section of the MLS compilation of current listings. *(Adopted 11/92)* **M**

Section 1.1 Sub-Types of Properties

Following are some of the sub-types of properties that may be published through the service, including types described in the preceding paragraph that are required to be filed with the service and other types that may be filed with the service at the participant's option provided, however, that any listing submitted is entered into within the scope of the participant's licensure as a real estate broker: *(Amended 11/91)* **O**

- residential
- residential income
- subdivided vacant lot
- land and ranch
- business opportunity
- motel-hotel
- mobile homes
- mobile home parks
- commercial income
- industrial

Section 1.1.1 Listings Subject to Rules and Regulations of the Service

Any listing taken on a contract to be filed with the multiple listing service is subject to the rules and regulations of the service upon signature of the seller(s). **R**

- a. A photo taken from the front exterior of the main structure is required within twenty-four (24) business hours of the entry date and must be in the primary slot. Vacant land, if a photo is used, then aerial or plat must be attached; otherwise aerial or plat photo will be required as the first photo.
- b. Property Disclosure Document for residential real property is required within seventy-two (72) business hours of the entry date unless they the Seller is exempt, then the Property Disclosure Exemption Form should be upload or must be noted in agent remarks.
- c. Yard signs are not to be placed prior to MLS entry date.
- d. "Coming Soon" advertising is not allowed at SWLAR. **L**

Section 1.2 Detail on Listings Filed with the Service

A listing agreement or property data form, when filed with the multiple listing service by the listing broker, shall be complete in every detail which is ascertainable as specified on the property data form. **R**

- I. All fields in the first section of all property types from the **MLS# TO THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION** are required.
 - a. Parcel # is a required field. (If more than one (1) parcel, "SEE ATTACHED" is allowed.)
 - b. The full legal description is to be entered in the field named "Legal Description". If the full legal description will not fit, you must enter a minimum of the section, township and range. The complete description may be entered as an attachment. The attachment must be named "Legal Description".
 - c. All properties must be mapped properly.
 - d. Both the Lot Size and Acreage is required. Acreage is the total square footage divided by 43,560.
- II. Fields in **GENERAL INFORMATION** for all property types are required.
 - a. Builder name is required for new construction entries.
 - b. Lot # is not required, as it should be entered in the Legal Description.
- III. Fields in **OTHER FEATURES** are required.
 - a. All fields with a drop-down menu.
 - b. All room sizes.
 - c. Listing office information, including listing broker, listing agent and commission to cooperating broker. **L**

Section 1.2.1 Limited Service Listings

Listing agreements under which the listing broker will not provide one, or more, of the following services:

- a. arrange appointments for cooperating brokers to show listed property to potential purchasers but instead gives cooperating brokers authority to make such appointments directly with the seller(s)
- b. accept and present to the seller(s) offers to purchase procured by cooperating brokers but instead gives cooperating brokers authority to present offers to purchase directly to the seller(s)
- c. advise the seller(s) as to the merits of offers to purchase
- d. assist the seller(s) in developing, communicating, or presenting counter-offers
- e. participate on the seller's(s') behalf in negotiations leading to the sale of the listed property

will be identified with an appropriate code or symbol (LS) in agent remarks of the MLS compilations so potential cooperating brokers will be aware of the extent of the services the listing broker will provide to the seller(s), and any potential for cooperating brokers being asked to provide some or all of these services to listing brokers' clients, prior to initiating efforts to show or sell the property. O

Section 1.2.2 Reserved

Section 1.3 Exempt Listings

If the seller refuses to permit the listing to be disseminated by the service, the participant may then take the listing (office exclusive) and such listing shall be filed with the service but not disseminated to the participants. Filing of the listing should be accompanied by certification signed by the seller that he does not desire the listing to be disseminated by the service. M

Section 1.4 Change of Status of Listing

Any change in listed price or other change (including Active Contingent and Under Contract statuses) in the original listing agreement shall be made only when authorized in writing by the seller and shall be filed with the service within twenty-four (24) business hours (excluding all holidays the Board Office is closed) after the authorized change is received by the listing broker. R

Section 1.5 Withdrawal of Listing Prior to Expiration

Listings of property may be withdrawn from the multiple listing service by the listing broker before the expiration date of the listing agreement, provided notice is filed with the service, including a copy of the agreement between the seller and the listing broker which authorizes the withdrawal.

Sellers do not have the unilateral right to require an MLS to withdraw a listing without the listing broker's concurrence. However, when a seller(s) can document that his or her exclusive relationship with the listing broker has been terminated, the multiple listing service may remove the listing at the request of the seller. (Adopted 11/96) M

- a. When an agent withdraws a listing, that listing may not be re-entered by the same agent within 7 calendar days unless that agent has transferred to a new company.
- b. When an agent/broker leaves, or transfers and the broker releases the listing to the new company, after having received notice from the seller in writing, the broker will then withdraw the listing and new broker must re-enter the listing. **L**

Section 1.6 Contingencies Applicable to Listings

Any contingency or conditions of any term in a listing shall be specified and noticed to the participants by stating the contingency in the first line of the internet remarks. Contingency must be dependent upon the sell of Buyer's property where a "First Right of Refusal" exists for a specified time frame. **R,L**

Section 1.7 Listing Price Specified

The full gross listing price stated in the listing contract will be included in the information published in the MLS compilation of current listings, unless the property is subject to auction. (Amended 11/92) **M**

Section 1.8 Listing Multiple Unit Properties

All properties which are to be sold or which may be sold separately must be indicated individually in the listing and on the property data form. When part of a listed property has been sold, proper notification should be given to the multiple listing service. **O**

Section 1.9 No Control of Commission Rates or Fees Charged by Participants

The multiple listing service shall not fix, control, recommend, suggest, or maintain commission rates or fees for services to be rendered by participants. Further, the multiple listing service shall not fix, control, recommend, suggest, or maintain the division of commissions or fees between cooperating participants or between participants and nonparticipants. **M**

Section 1.10 Expiration of Listings

Listings filed with the multiple listing service will automatically be removed from the compilation of current listings on the expiration date specified in the agreement, unless prior to that date the MLS receives notice that the listing has been extended or renewed. (Amended 11/01)

If notice of renewal or extension is received after the listing has been removed from the compilation of current listings, the extension or renewal will be published in the same manner as a new listing. Extensions and renewals of listings must be signed by the seller(s) and filed with the service. (Amended 11/01) **M**

Section 1.11 Termination Date on Listings

Listings filed with the service shall bear a definite and final termination date, as negotiated between the listing broker and the seller. **M**

Section 1.12 Service Area

Only listings of the designated types of property located within the Service Area of the MLS are required to be submitted to the service. Listings of property located outside the MLS's Service Area will be accepted if submitted voluntarily by a participant but cannot be required by the service. (Amended 11/17)

Note: Associations must choose whether the service will accept listings from beyond its service area into the MLS compilation. *(Amended 11/17)* **M**

Section 1.13 Listings of Suspended Participants

When a participant of the service is suspended from the MLS for failing to abide by a membership duty (i.e., violation of the Code of Ethics, association bylaws, MLS bylaws, MLS rules and regulations, or other membership obligations except failure to pay appropriate dues, fees, or charges), all listings currently filed with the MLS by the suspended participant shall, at the participant's option, be retained in the service until sold, withdrawn or expired, and shall not be renewed or extended by the MLS beyond the termination date of the listing agreement in effect when the suspension became effective. If a participant has been suspended from the association (except where MLS participation without association membership is permitted by law) or MLS (or both) for failure to pay appropriate dues, fees, or charges, an association MLS is not obligated to provide MLS services, including continued inclusion of the suspended participant's listings in the MLS compilation of current listing information. Prior to any removal of a suspended participant's listings from the MLS, the suspended participant should be advised, in writing, of the intended removal so that the suspended participant may advise his clients. **M**

Section 1.14 Listings of Expelled Participants

When a participant of the service is expelled from the MLS for failing to abide by a membership duty (i.e., violation of the Code of Ethics, association bylaws, MLS bylaws, MLS rules and regulations, or other membership obligations except failure to pay appropriate dues, fees, or charges), all listings currently filed with the MLS by the expelled participant shall, at the participant's option, be retained in the service until sold, withdrawn, or expired, and shall not be renewed or extended by the MLS beyond the termination date of the listing agreement in effect when the expulsion became effective. If a participant has been expelled from the association (except where MLS participation without association membership is permitted by law) or MLS (or both) for failure to pay appropriate dues, fees, or charges, an association MLS is not obligated to provide MLS services, including continued inclusion of the expelled participant's listings in the MLS compilation of current listing information. Prior to any removal of an expelled participant's listings from the MLS, the expelled participant should be advised, in writing, of the intended removal so that the expelled participant may advise his clients. **M**

Section 1.15 Listings of Resigned Participants

When a participant of the service resigns from the MLS, the MLS is not obligated to provide services, including continued inclusion of the resigned participant's listings in the MLS compilation of current listing information. Prior to any removal of a resigned participant's listings from the MLS, the resigned participant should be advised, in writing, of the intended removal so that the resigned participant may advise his clients. **O**

Selling Procedures

Section 2 Showings and Negotiations

Appointments for showings and negotiations with the seller for the purchase of listed property filed with the multiple listing service shall be conducted through the listing broker, except under the following circumstances:

- a. the listing broker gives the cooperating broker specific authority to show and/or negotiate directly, or

- b. after reasonable effort, the cooperating broker cannot contact the listing broker or his representative; however, the listing broker, at his option, may preclude such direct negotiations by cooperating brokers. *(Amended 4/92)* **M**
- c. a broker or agent must be present for any appointment on any MLS listing when a client or customer is present.
- d. upon entry to the MLS of a property which is not available for showing until a future date, the listing broker must obtain from, and provide to the MLS immediately, a written statement from the seller verifying that fact, and warranting that the property will not be shown to anyone until such future date (must contain actual date). The agent must record this statement in the MLS agent Remarks of the listing. The delivery of the statement to the MLS department and adding the statement to the listing in MLS must be done simultaneously. **L**

Section 2.1 Presentation of Offers

The listing broker must make arrangements to present the offer as soon as possible or give the cooperating broker a satisfactory reason for not doing so. *(Amended 4/92)* **M**

Section 2.2 Submission of Written Offers and Counter-offers

The listing broker shall submit to the seller all written offers until closing unless precluded by law, government rule, regulation, or agreed otherwise in writing between the seller and the listing broker. Unless the subsequent offer is contingent upon the termination of an existing contract, the listing broker shall recommend that the seller obtain the advice of legal counsel prior to acceptance of the subsequent offer.

Participants representing buyers or tenants shall submit to the buyer or tenant all offers and counter-offers until acceptance and shall recommend that buyers and tenants obtain legal advice where there is a question about whether a pre-existing contract has been terminated. *(Amended 11/05)* **M**

Section 2.3 Right of Cooperating Broker in Presentation of Offer

The cooperating participants or their representative has the right to participate in the presentation of any offer they secure to purchase or lease to the seller or lessor. They do not have the right to be present at any discussion or evaluation of that offer by the seller or lessor and the listing broker. However, if the seller or lessor gives written instructions to the listing broker that the cooperating broker may not be present when offers they procure are presented, cooperating brokers have the right to a copy of those instructions. This policy is not intended to affect listing brokers' right to control the establishment of appointments for presentation of offers.

Where the cooperating broker is not present during the presentation of the offer, the cooperating broker can request in writing, and the listing broker must provide, written affirmation stating that the offer has been submitted to the seller, or written notification that the seller has waived the obligation to have the offer presented. **M**

Section 2.4 Right of Listing Broker in Presentation of Counter-offer

The listing broker or his representative has the right to participate in the presentation of any counter-offer made by the seller or lessor. He does not have the right to be present at any discussion or evaluation of a counter-offer by the purchaser or lessee (except when the cooperating broker is a subagent). However, if the purchaser or lessee gives written instructions to the cooperating broker that the listing broker not be present when a counter-offer is presented, the listing broker has the right to a copy of the purchaser's or lessee's written instructions. *(Adopted 11/93)* **M**

Section 2.5 Reporting Sales to the Service

Status changes, including final closing of sales and sales prices, shall be reported to the multiple listing service by the listing broker within twenty-four (24) business hours after they have occurred. If negotiations were carried on under Section 2 a. or b. hereof, the cooperating broker shall report accepted offers and prices to the listing broker within twenty-four (24) business hours after occurrence and the listing broker shall report them to the MLS twenty-four (24) business hours after receiving notice from the cooperating broker. *(Amended 11/11)* **M**

a. a copy of the HUD or Deed must be submitted to verify the sold date if the system entry date is over the twenty-four (24) business hour time frame.

b. first and last name of both buyer and seller required in sold data, **unless a signed request from buyer or seller is submitted to the board office** at the time of entry. **L**

Note 1: The listing agreement of a property filed with the MLS by the listing broker should include a provision expressly granting the listing broker authority to advertise; to file the listing with the MLS; to provide timely notice of status changes of the listing to the MLS; and to provide sales information including selling price to the MLS upon sale of the property. If deemed desirable by the MLS to publish sales information prior to final closing (settlement) of a sales transaction, the listing agreement should also include a provision expressly granting the listing broker the right to authorize dissemination of this information by the MLS to its participants. *(Amended 11/01)*

Note 2: In disclosure states, if the sale price of a listed property is recorded, the reporting of the sale price may be required by the MLS.

In states where the actual sale prices of completed transactions are not publicly accessible, failure to report sale prices can result in disciplinary action only if the MLS:

1. categorizes sale price information as confidential and
2. limits use of sale price information to participants and subscribers in providing real estate services, including appraisals and other valuations, to customers and clients; and to governmental bodies and third-party entities only as provided below.

The MLS may provide sale price information to governmental bodies only to be used for statistical purposes (including use of aggregated data for purposes of valuing property) and to confirm the accuracy of information submitted by property owners or their representatives in connection with property valuation challenges; and to third-party entities only to be used for academic research, statistical analysis, or for providing services to participants and subscribers. In any instance where a governmental body or third-party entity makes sale price information provided by the MLS available other than as provided for in this provision, a listing participant may request the sale price information for a specific property be withheld from dissemination for these purposes with written authorization from the seller, and withholding of sale price information from those entities shall not be construed as a violation of the requirement to report sale prices. *(Adopted 11/11)*

Note 3: As established in the Virtual Office Website (“VOW”) policy, sale prices can only be categorized as confidential in states where the actual sale prices of completed transactions are not accessible from public records. *(Adopted 11/11)* **M**

Section 2.6 Reporting Resolutions of Contingencies

The listing broker shall report to the multiple listing service within twenty-four (24) business hours that a contingency on file with the multiple listing service has been fulfilled or renewed, or the agreement cancelled. **M**

Section 2.7 Advertising of Listings Filed with the Service

A listing shall not be advertised by any participant other than the listing broker without the prior consent of the listing broker. **M**

Section 2.8 Reporting Cancellation of Pending Sale

The listing broker shall report immediately to the multiple listing service the cancellation of any pending sale, and the listing shall be reinstated immediately. **M**

Section 2.9 Disclosing the Existence of Offers

Listing brokers, in response to inquiries from buyers or cooperating brokers shall, with the seller’s approval, disclose the existence of offers on the property. Where disclosure is authorized, the listing broker shall also disclose if asked whether offers were obtained by the listing licensee, by another licensee in the listing firm, or by a cooperating broker. *(Amended 11/08)* **O**

Section 2.10 Availability of Listed Property

Listing brokers shall not misrepresent the availability of access to show or inspect listed property. *(Adopted 11/05)* **O**

Section 3 Reserved

Prohibitions

Section 4 Information for Participants Only

Any listing filed with the service shall not be made available to any broker or firm not a member of the MLS without the prior consent of the listing broker. **M**

Section 4.1 For Sale Signs

Only the for-sale sign of the listing broker may be placed on a property. *(Amended 11/89)* **M**

Section 4.2 Sold Signs

Prior to closing, only the sold sign of the listing broker may be placed on a property, unless the listing broker authorizes the cooperating (selling) broker to post such a sign. *(Amended 4/96)* **M**

Section 4.3 Solicitation of Listing Filed with the Service

Participants shall not solicit a listing on property filed with the service unless such solicitation is consistent with Article 16 of the REALTORS® Code of Ethics, its Standards of Practice, and its Case Interpretations.

Note: This section is to be construed in a manner consistent with Article 16 of the Code of Ethics and particularly Standard of Practice 16-4. This section is intended to encourage sellers to permit their properties to be filed with the service by protecting them from being solicited, prior to expiration of the listing, by brokers and salespersons seeking the listing upon its expiration.

Without such protection, a seller could receive hundreds of calls, communications, and visits from brokers and salespersons who have been made aware through MLS filing of the date the listing will expire and desire to substitute themselves for the present broker.

This section is also intended to encourage brokers to participate in the service by assuring them that other participants will not attempt to persuade the seller to breach the listing agreement or to interfere with their attempts to market the property. Absent the protection afforded by this section, listing brokers would be most reluctant to generally disclose the identity of the seller or the availability of the property to other brokers.

This section does not preclude solicitation of listings under the circumstances otherwise recognized by the Standards of Practice related to Article 16 of the Code of Ethics. **M**

Section 4.4 Use of the Terms MLS and Multiple Listing Service

No MLS participant, subscriber or licensee affiliated with any participant shall, through the name of their firm, their URLs, their e-mail addresses, their website addresses, or in any other way represent, suggest, or imply that the individual or firm is an MLS, or that they operate an MLS. Participants, subscribers and licensees affiliated with participants shall not represent, suggest, or imply that consumers or others have direct access to MLS databases, or that consumers or others are able to search MLS databases available only to participants and subscribers. This does not prohibit participants and subscribers from representing that any information they are authorized under MLS rules to provide to clients or customers is available on their websites or otherwise. *(Adopted 11/07)* **O**

Division of Commissions

Section 5 Compensation Specified on Each Listing

The listing broker shall specify, on each listing filed with the multiple listing service, the compensation offered to other multiple listing service participants for their services in the sale of such listing. Such offers are unconditional except that entitlement to compensation is determined by the cooperating broker's performance as the procuring cause of the sale (or lease) or as otherwise provided for in this rule. The listing broker's obligation to compensate any cooperating broker as the procuring cause of the sale (or lease) may be excused if it is determined through arbitration that, through no fault of the listing broker and in the exercise of good faith and reasonable care, it was impossible or financially unfeasible for the listing broker to collect a commission pursuant to the listing agreement. In such instances, entitlement to cooperative compensation offered through MLS would be a question to be determined by an arbitration hearing panel based on all relevant facts and circumstances including, but not limited to, why it was impossible or financially unfeasible for the listing broker to collect some or all of the commission established in the listing agreement; at what point in the transaction did the listing broker know (or should have known) that some or all of the commission established in the listing agreement might not be paid; and how promptly had the listing broker communicated to cooperating brokers that the commission established in the listing agreement might not be paid. *(Amended 11/98)*

In filing a property with the multiple listing service of an association of REALTORS®, the participant of the service is making blanket unilateral offers of compensation to the other MLS participants, and shall therefore specify on each listing filed with the service, the compensation being offered to the other MLS participants. Specifying the compensation on each listing is necessary, because the cooperating broker has the right to know what his compensation shall be prior to his endeavor to sell. * *(Amended 11/96)*

*The compensation specified on listings filed with the multiple listing service shall appear in one of two forms. The essential and appropriate requirement by an association multiple listing service is that the information to be published shall clearly inform the participants as to the compensation they will receive in cooperative transactions, unless advised otherwise by the listing broker, in writing, in advance of submitting an offer to purchase. The compensation specified on listings published by the MLS shall be shown in one of the following forms:

1. by showing a percentage of the gross selling price
2. by showing a definite dollar amount *(Amended 5/10)*

Note: MLSs may also, as a matter of local discretion, allow participants to offer cooperative compensation as a percentage of the net sales price, with the net sales price defined as the gross sales price minus buyer upgrades (new construction) and seller concessions (as defined by the MLS unless otherwise defined by state law or regulation). *(Adopted 5/08)*

While MLSs are not required to authorize participants to offer cooperative compensation based on net sale prices, those that do permit such offers must define "seller concessions" for purposes other than new construction, unless that term is defined by applicable state law or regulation. The following definition of "seller concessions" is suggested but not required for adoption:

Points paid by seller on behalf of buyer, seller-paid buyer closing costs, cash or cash allowances not escrowed, down payment assistance, additions or alterations not considered deferred maintenance, and personal property not usual and customary to such transactions conveyed from seller to buyer having an agreed upon monetary value. *(Adopted 05/12)*

The listing broker retains the right to determine the amount of compensation offered to other participants (acting as subagents, buyer agents, or in other agency or nonagency capacities defined by law) which may be the same or different. *(Amended 11/96)*

This shall not preclude the listing broker from offering any MLS participant compensation other than the compensation indicated on any listing published by the MLS, provided the listing broker informs the other broker, in writing, in advance of submitting an offer to purchase, and provided that the modification in the specified compensation is not the result of any agreement among all or any other participants in the service. Any superseding offer of compensation must be expressed as either a percentage of the gross sales price or as a flat dollar amount. *(Amended 5/10)*

Note 1: The multiple listing service shall not have a rule requiring the listing broker to disclose the amount of total negotiated commission in his listing contract, and the association multiple listing service shall not publish the total negotiated commission on a listing which has been submitted to the MLS by a participant. The association multiple listing service shall not disclose in any way the total commission negotiated between the seller and the listing broker.

Note 2: The listing broker may, from time to time, adjust the compensation offered to other multiple listing service participants for their services with respect to any listing by advance published notice to the service so that all participants will be advised. *(Amended 4/92)*

Note 3: The multiple listing service shall make no rule on the division of commissions between participants and nonparticipants. This should remain solely the responsibility of the listing broker.

Note 4: Multiple listing services, at their discretion, may adopt rules and procedures enabling listing brokers to communicate to potential cooperating brokers that gross commissions established in listing contracts are subject to court approval, and that compensation payable to cooperating brokers may be reduced if the gross commission established in the listing contract is reduced by a court. In such instances, the fact that the gross commission is subject to court approval and either the potential reduction in compensation payable to cooperating brokers or the method by which the potential reduction in compensation will be calculated must be clearly communicated to potential cooperating brokers prior to the time they submit an offer that ultimately results in a successful transaction. *(Amended 5/10)*

Note 5: Nothing in these MLS rules precludes a listing participant and a cooperating participant, as a matter of mutual agreement, from modifying the cooperative compensation to be paid in the event of a successful transaction. *(Adopted 11/05)*

Note 6: Multiple listing services must give participants the ability to disclose to other participants any potential for a short sale. As used in these rules, short sales are defined as a transaction where title transfers, where the sale price is insufficient to pay the total of all liens and costs of sale, and where the seller does not bring sufficient liquid assets to the closing to cure all deficiencies. Multiple listing services may, as a matter of local discretion, require participants to disclose potential short sales when participants know a transaction is a potential short sale. In any instance where a participant discloses a potential short sale, they may, as a matter of local discretion, also be permitted to communicate to other participants how any reduction in the gross commission established in the listing contract required by the lender as a condition of approving the sale will be apportioned between listing and cooperating participants. All confidential disclosures and confidential information related to short sales, if allowed by local rules, must be communicated through dedicated fields or confidential “remarks” available only to participants and subscribers. *(Amended 5/09)* **M**

Section 5.0.1 Disclosing Potential Short Sales

Participants must disclose potential short sales (defined as a transaction where title transfers, where the sale price is insufficient to pay the total of all liens and costs of sale and where the seller does not bring sufficient liquid assets to the closing to cure all deficiencies) when reasonably known to the listing participants. *(Amended 5/09)*

When disclosed, participants may, at their discretion, advise other participants whether and how any reduction in the gross commission established in the listing contract, required by the lender as a condition of approving the sale, will be apportioned between listing and cooperating participants. *(Adopted 5/09)* **M**

Where participants communicate to other participants how any reduction in the gross commission established in the listing contract required by the lender as a condition of approving the sale will be apportioned between the listing and cooperating participants, listing participants shall disclose to cooperating participants in writing the total reduction in the gross commission and the amount by which the compensation payable to the cooperating broker will be reduced within 24 hours of receipt of notification from the lender. *(Adopted 5/10)*

Section 5.1 Participant as Principal

If a participant or any licensee (or licensed or certified appraiser) affiliated with a participant has any ownership interest in a property, the listing of which is to be disseminated through the multiple listing service, that person shall disclose that interest when the listing is filed with the multiple listing service and such information shall be disseminated to all multiple listing service participants within the “internet remarks” section. **M**

Section 5.2 Participant as Purchaser

If a participant or any licensee (including licensed and certified appraisers) affiliated with a participant wishes to acquire an interest in property listed with another participant, such contemplated interest shall be disclosed, in writing, to the listing broker not later than the time an offer to purchase is submitted to the listing broker. *(Adopted 2/92)* **M**

Section 5.3 Dual or Variable Rate Commission Arrangements

The existence of a dual or variable rate commission arrangement (i.e., one in which the seller/landlord agrees to pay a specified commission if the property is sold/leased by the listing broker without assistance and a different commission if the sale/lease results through the efforts of a cooperating broker; or one in which the seller/landlord agrees to pay a specified commission if the property is sold/leased by the listing broker either with or without the assistance of a cooperating broker and a different commission if the sale/lease results through the efforts of a seller/landlord) shall be disclosed by the listing broker by a key, code, or symbol as required by the MLS. The listing broker shall, in response to inquiries from potential cooperating brokers, disclose the differential that would result in either a cooperative transaction or, alternatively, in a sale/lease that results through the efforts of the seller/landlord. If the cooperating broker is a buyer/tenant representative, the buyer/tenant representative must disclose such information to their client before the client makes an offer to purchase or lease. *(Amended 5/01)* **M**

Service Charges

Section 6 Service Fees and Charges

The following service charges for operation of the multiple listing service are in effect to defray the costs of the service and are subject to change from time to time in the manner prescribed:

Initial Participation Fee: An applicant for participation in the service shall pay an application fee of \$250.00 plus \$215.00 with such fee to accompany the application.

Initial Subscriber Fee: An applicant for subscription in the service shall pay an application fee of \$215.00 with such fee to accompany the application.

Initial NON- SWLAR MEMBER REALTOR® Subscriber Fee: MLS participatory rights only granted under Board of Choice. An applicant for MLS participation only will pay an Annual Administration Fee of \$1475.

Recurring Participation Fee: The monthly participation fee of each participant shall be an amount equal to \$32.00 times each salesperson and licensed or certified appraiser who has access to and use of the service, whether licensed as a broker, sales licensee, or licensed or certified appraiser who is employed by or affiliated as an independent contractor with such participant. Payment of such fees shall be made on or before the 10th of each month. Fees shall be prorated on a monthly basis.

However, MLSs must provide participants the option of a no-cost waiver of MLS fees, dues, and charges for any licensee or licensed or certified appraiser who can demonstrate subscription to a different MLS or CIE where the principal broker participates. MLSs may, at their discretion, require that broker's participants sign a certification for nonuse of its MLS services, by their licenses, which can include penalties and termination of the waiver if violated. **M**

Section 6.1 MLS SUBSCRIPTION WAIVER: The Multiple Listing Service shall have the authority to waive membership of the MLS by following specialties. However, application for Association Membership is still required and must be submitted, with application fees, for approval. Real Estate Specialties as previously mentioned shall be as follows: **L**

1. Property Managers
2. Builders and Developers
3. Farm and Land Sales
4. Real Estate Counselors
5. Industrial / Commercial Sale

Compliance with Rules

Section 7 Compliance with Rules—Authority to Impose Discipline

By becoming and remaining a participant or subscriber in this MLS, each participant and subscriber agrees to be subject to the rules and regulations and any other MLS governance provision. The MLS may, through the administrative and hearing procedures established in these rules, impose discipline for violations of the rules and other MLS governance provisions. Discipline that may be imposed may only consist of one or more of the following:

- a. letter of warning
- b. letter of reprimand
- c. attendance at MLS orientation or other appropriate courses or seminars which the participant or subscriber can reasonably attend taking into consideration cost, location, and duration
- d. appropriate, reasonable fine not to exceed \$15,000
- e. suspension of MLS rights, privileges, and services for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than one (1) year
- f. termination of MLS rights, privileges, and services with no right to reapply for a specified period not to exceed three (3) years. *(Revised 11/14)* **M**

Note: A participant (or user/subscriber, where appropriate) can be placed on probation.

Probation is not a form of discipline. When a participant (or user/subscriber, where appropriate) is placed on probation the discipline is held in abeyance for a stipulated period of time not longer than one (1) year. Any subsequent finding of a violation of the MLS rules during the probationary period may, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, result in the imposition of the suspended discipline. Absent any subsequent findings of a violation during the probationary period, both the probationary status and the suspended discipline are considered fulfilled, and the individual's record will reflect the fulfillment. The fact that one or more forms of discipline are held in abeyance during the probationary period does not bar imposition of other forms of discipline which will not be held in abeyance. *(Revised 05/14)* **M**

Section 7.1 Compliance with Rules

The following action may be taken for noncompliance with the rules:

- a. for failure to pay any service charge or fee within one (1) month of the date due, and provided that at least ten (10) days' notice has been given, the service shall be suspended until service charges or fees are paid in full
- b. for failure to comply with any other rule, the provisions of Sections 9 and 9.1 shall apply

Note: Generally, warning, censure, and the imposition of a moderate fine are sufficient to constitute a deterrent to violation of the rules and regulations of the multiple listing service. Suspension or termination is an extreme sanction to be used in cases of extreme or repeated violation of the rules and regulations of the service. If the MLS desires to establish a series of moderate fines, they should be clearly specified in the rules and regulations. *(Amended 11/88)* **R**

Section 7.2 Applicability of Rules to Users and/or Subscribers

Non-principal brokers, sales licensees, appraisers, and others authorized to have access to information published by the MLS are subject to these rules and regulations and may be disciplined for violations thereof provided that the user or subscriber has signed an agreement acknowledging that access to and use of MLS information is contingent on compliance with the rules and regulations. Further, failure of any user or subscriber to abide by the rules and/or any sanction imposed for violations thereof can subject the participant to the same or other discipline. This provision does not eliminate the participant's ultimate responsibility and accountability for all users or subscribers affiliated with the participant. *(Adopted 4/92)* **O**

Section 7.30 Lock Box Security Requirements

Eligibility for coverage under NAR's blanket errors and omissions insurance program is contingent on compliance with the following security measures whether the system is operated by the association, its MLS, or by a recognized lock-box vendor on behalf of an association or MLS: *(Amended 5/17)*

1. **Types of keys.** Any physical or electronic key, programmer, or other device (hereinafter referred to as key) by which a lockbox can be opened, must be non-duplicative. Being non-duplicative means that it cannot be readily copied in the manner that other types of keys ordinarily are. *(Amended 5/17)*

A mobile device (such as, a smart phone, tablet, fob, etc.) can transmit a key to access a lockbox using standard protocols, including, Bluetooth, ZigBee, infrared technology, and others. The applications and software used by mobile devices must contain security controls to allow only authorized users access to the lockbox. *(Adopted 5/17)*

As a matter of local discretion, the listing broker or agent can issue temporary codes/access to the lockbox and property on terms and conditions agreed to in advance by the seller. Temporary codes/access must expire within seventy-two (72) business hours after being issued or must be under the control of the listing broker or agent. Temporary codes must be a minimum field size of five (5) characters. *(XX,XXX)* *(Adopted 5/17)*

2. **Security protocols.** Keys must be obtained from the original manufacturer, from a recognized vendor of lockbox systems or from any other legitimate source. Prior to utilizing previously used keys, lids, or boxes, associations and MLSs must obtain sufficient information from the original manufacturer and surrounding associations and MLSs in order to determine whether the key's pattern, code, or configuration is already in use. *(Amended 5/17)*

Electronic lockboxes and electronic keys running on mobile devices must incorporate security protocols to prevent the following types of cyber-attacks:

- where an unauthorized user can override or escalate their security credentials
 - where the communication session between the electronic lockbox and key are recorded and played back later to gain unauthorized access
 - forging of electronic credentials that could allow an unauthorized user the ability to masquerade as an authorized user
 - digitally signed updates to electronic keys running on mobile devices or electronic lockbox firmware plus a secured update process to prevent unauthorized software from being introduced into the lockbox system
 - transmission(s) of frequencies to deceive the lockbox electronics into opening *(Adopted 5/17)*
3. **Availability of lockbox system and keys.** Any lockbox system must be designated as either an activity of an association of REALTORS® or an association-owned and operated MLS. *(Amended 5/17)*

If the lockbox system is an activity of an association of REALTORS then every REALTOR® and REALTOR-ASSOCIATE® and every non-principal broker, sales licensee and licensed or certified appraiser affiliated with a REALTOR® shall be eligible to hold a key subject to their execution of a lease agreement with the association. *(Amended 11/96)*

If the lockbox system is an activity of an association-owned and operated MLS, then every MLS participant and every non-principal broker, sales licensee and licensed or certified appraiser who is affiliated with an MLS participant and who is legally eligible for MLS access shall be eligible to hold a key subject to their execution of a lease agreement with the MLS. *(Amended 5/17)*

As a matter of local discretion, associations and MLSs can determine that key lease agreements executed by non-principal brokers, sales licensees, unlicensed personal assistants, administrative and clerical staff, and licensed, certified, or those seeking to be licensed or certified as appraisers, must also be cosigned by the designated REALTOR® or the office's broker of record. Lease agreements shall spell out the responsibilities of the parties and shall incorporate by reference any applicable rules or regulations or other governing provisions of the association or MLS that relate to the operation of the lockbox system. The lease agreement shall also provide that keys may not be used under any circumstances by anyone other than the keyholder, except as provided elsewhere in this statement of policy. *(Amended 5/17)*

Associations and MLSs may, at their discretion, lease keys to affiliate members of associations who are actively engaged in a recognized field of real estate practice or in related fields. In such instances, the lease agreement shall be signed by the keyholder and by a principal, partner, or corporate officer of the keyholder's firm. *(Adopted 5/17)*

Individuals may be required to pay lockbox costs as part of association dues or as part of MLS participation fees pursuant to MLS Policy Statement 7.57, Categorization of MLS Services, Information, and Products and pursuant to NAR Bylaws Official Interpretation #32. No one shall be required to lease a key from the association except on a voluntary basis. *(Adopted 5/17)*

Associations and MLSs may refuse to sell or lease lockbox keys, may terminate existing key lease agreements, and may refuse to activate or reactivate any key held by an individual who has been convicted of a crime within the past seven (7) years under the following circumstances: *(Amended 5/17)*

- A. The association or MLS determines that the conviction(s) relates to the real estate business or puts clients, customers, other real estate professionals, or property at risk, for example through dishonest, deceptive, or violent acts; and *(Amended 5/17)*
- B. The association or MLS gives the individual an opportunity to provide and the association or MLS must consider mitigating factors related to the individual's criminal history, including, but not limited to, factors such as:
 - i) the individual's age at the time of the conviction(s)
 - ii) nature and seriousness of the crime
 - iii) extent and nature of past criminal activity
 - iv) time elapsed since criminal activity was engaged in
 - v) rehabilitative efforts undertaken by the applicant since the conviction(s)
 - vi) facts and circumstances surrounding the conviction(s) and
 - vii) evidence of current fitness to practice real estate *(Amended 5/17)*

Associations and MLSs should be sure to evaluate individuals uniformly and avoid making exceptions for one individual while denying an exception to another individual with a similar criminal history. *(Amended 5/17)*

Associations or MLSs may suspend the right of lockbox keyholders to use lockbox keys following their arrest and prior to a final determination on any such charge if, in the determination of the association or MLS, the charge relates to a crime that relates to the real estate business or puts clients, customers, other real estate professionals, or property at risk. *(Amended 5/17)*

4. **Audit requirement.** Associations or MLSs shall maintain current records as to all keys issued and in inventory, including registered users accessing lockboxes through applications and software used by mobile devices. There shall be an audit, at least annually, of all keys, whether issued or in inventory. This requirement may be satisfied by a physical inventory or by receipt of a statement signed by the keyholder and the designated REALTOR®, broker of record, or, in the case of an affiliate member, by a principal, partner, or corporate officer of the keyholder's firm, attesting that the key is currently in possession of the keyholder. *(Amended 5/17)*
5. **Seller authority required.** Lockboxes may not be placed on a property without written authority from the seller. This authority may be established in the listing contract or any other written document. Inclusion in MLS compilations cannot be required as a condition of placing lockboxes on listed property. *(Amended 5/17)*
6. **Reporting missing keys.** Associations or MLSs must charge keyholders and their cosignatories with the joint obligation of immediately reporting lost, stolen, or otherwise unaccountable for keys to the association or MLS. Upon receipt of notice, the association or MLS must take any steps deemed necessary to re-secure the system. *(Amended 5/17)*
7. **Rules and procedures governing lockbox systems.** Associations or MLSs must adopt written, reasonable, and appropriate rules and procedures for administration of lockbox systems which may include appropriate fines, not to exceed \$15,000. Any issuing fees, recurring fees, or other administrative costs shall be established at the discretion of the association or MLS and set forth in the rules and procedures. All keyholders, whether or not they are association members or MLS participants, shall agree, as a condition of the key lease agreement, to be bound by the rules and procedures governing the operation of the lockbox system. *(Amended 5/17)*

Key lease agreements may contain a liquidated damages provision to offset some or all of the costs in reestablishing the security of the system if it is determined that the security has been compromised through the negligence or fault of the keyholder. *(Amended 11/97)*

8. **Issuing electronic programmers or keypads on temporary basis.** In the event electronic lockbox programmers or keypads are sold or leased, a designated REALTOR® principal or an office's broker of record may purchase or lease additional programmers or keypads to be issued on a temporary basis to other keyholders in the same office in the event their programmer or keypad becomes non-functional outside normal business hours or under circumstances where a replacement programmer or keypad is not reasonably available from the issuing association or MLS. When a programmer or keypad is issued on a temporary basis, it shall be the responsibility of the REALTOR® principal or the broker of record to advise the association or MLS in writing that the programmer or keypad has been issued, to whom, and the date and time of issuance within forty-eight (48) hours. It shall also be the responsibility of the REALTOR® principal or the broker of record to advise the association or MLS in writing within two (2) business days after possession of the previously issued programmer or keypad has been reassumed. *(Amended 5/17)*

9. **Requiring “approved” lockbox systems.** As a matter of local discretion, associations and MLSs may require placement of an “approved” lockbox on listed properties if any device giving access to real estate professionals or service providers is authorized by the seller and occupant and is placed on the property. The purpose of this requirement, if adopted by an association or MLS, is to ensure cooperating participants and subscribers have timely access to listed properties. Requiring that a lockbox or other access device be “approved” does not limit the devices that satisfy the requirement to lockboxes leased or sold by an association or MLS. The association or MLS may require that the devices be submitted in advance for approval, and the access device may be any lockbox or other access device that provides reasonable, timely access to listed property. The association or MLS also may revoke the approval or subject the participant to discipline if the device is used in a manner that fails to continue to satisfy this requirement. *(Amended 05/17)*

Section 7.32 Lock Box Key Deposits

Any funds accepted by a member association or association MLS as deposits for lock box keys shall be retained by the association or its MLS in a separate account so that the funds will be available to be refunded to depositors upon return of the lock box key to the association or its MLS. The funds deposited are to be retained for this purpose only and are not to be utilized in any other manner. The separate fund may be an interest-bearing account with the interest retained by the association or association MLS unless as a requirement of law, or at the discretion of the association or association MLS, such interest shall be paid to the depositors. **M**

Section 7.4 Omitted

Section 7.47 Minimum Security Measures for Centralized Key Repositories of Association Multiple Listing Services

1. A centralized key repository is defined as a system operated by a multiple listing service which enables a participant to place keys to listed property in a central location to be made available to other participants and their affiliated sales licensees to facilitate the showing of listed property.
2. Use of the system must be strictly limited to participants and their affiliated sales licensees.
3. Keys to listed property may not be submitted unless the property is exclusively listed by the participant and the listing agreement includes a provision whereby the seller specifically authorizes the listing participant to place keys in the system. In lieu of such authorization in the listing agreement, the MLS may require the seller’s authorization be provided on a separate document prepared by the MLS.
4. All keys to listed property must be stored in a locked, secure area in the association or MLS office.
5. All keys become the property of the association or MLS.
6. No key may be issued without the consent of the listing office. Any individual requesting a key must indicate, in writing, who in the listing office has authorized the showing.
7. All keys must be coded in a manner which prevents their identification with a particular property until issued by an authorized representative of the association or MLS.
8. Lost or stolen keys must be reported to the association or MLS as quickly as possible.

9. A police report must be filed as quickly as possible whenever a key is lost or stolen.
10. Any person losing a key must immediately advise the property owner and the listing broker and offer to have all necessary locks changed as quickly as possible.
11. The issuance of keys must be discontinued immediately upon request of the seller.
12. Keys must be issued for a specified period of time and failure to return a key within the allotted time shall be considered as a violation of the rules or procedures. When a key is more than twenty-four (24) hours overdue, the association or MLS must contact the person to whom the key was issued and the principal broker or branch manager of the firm to confirm the key has not been lost or stolen and to request its immediate return.
13. Keys must be destroyed upon expiration of the listing or upon closing (whichever occurs first) or earlier at the direction of the listing participant.
14. All rules and procedures for the operation of any centralized key repository must be in writing and be submitted to the National Association for review and approval prior to implementation.
15. Any association member or employee involved in the administration or operation of the system shall be bonded. **M**

Meetings

Section 8 Meetings of MLS Committee

The multiple listing service committee shall meet for the transaction of its business at a time and place to be determined by the committee or at the call of the chairperson. **R**

- a. Committee attendance requirements as outlined in Bylaws. **L**

Section 8.1 Meetings of MLS Participants

The committee may call meetings of the participants in the service to be known as meetings of the multiple listing service. **R**

Section 8.2 Conduct of Meetings

The chairperson or vice chairperson shall preside at all meetings or, in their absence, a temporary chairperson from the membership of the committee shall be named by the chairperson or, upon his failure to do so, by the committee. **R**

Enforcement of Rules or Disputes

Section 9 Consideration of Alleged Violations

The committee (Board of Directors) shall give consideration to all written complaints having to do with violations of the rules and regulations. By becoming and remaining a participant, each participant agrees to be subject to these rules and regulations, the enforcement of which are at the sole discretion of the Committee (Board of Directors). **M**

Section 9.1 Violation of Rules and Regulations

If the alleged offense is a violation of the rules and regulations of the service and does not involve a charge of alleged unethical conduct or request for arbitration, it may be administratively considered and determined by the board of directors of the service, and if a violation is determined, the board of directors may direct the imposition of sanction, provided the recipient of such sanction may request a hearing before the professional standards committee of the association in accordance with the bylaws and rules and regulations of the association of REALTORS® within thirty (30) days following receipt of the committee's decision. *(Amended 11/96)*

If, rather than conducting an administrative review, the MLS has a procedure established to conduct hearings, the decision of the hearing tribunal may be appealed to the board of directors of the MLS within twenty (20) days of the tribunal's decision. Alleged violations involving unethical conduct shall be referred to the professional standards committee of the association of REALTORS® for processing in accordance with the professional standard procedures of the association. If the charge alleges a refusal to arbitrate, such charge shall be referred directly to the board of directors of the association of REALTORS®. **M**

Agents submitting inaccurate data to the MLS will be fined as follows:

Date infractions, including new listings and status changes:

- Immediate Fine: \$50

All other infractions:

- 1st Notification - 24 hours to correct.
- 2nd Notification - \$50 Fine – 24 hours to correct.
- 3rd Notification - \$100 Fine – 24 hours to correct.

Sharing of MLS logon credentials and access:

- MLS will impose a fine of \$1,000.00 to a current The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS® MLS member that shares their MLS logon/password with a **nonmember**.
- MLS will impose a \$100.00 fine for a current member sharing their logon with another The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS® member.
- 1st offense; fine to be imposed.
- 2nd offense; fine to be imposed and subject to be reviewed by the MLS Board and their recommendation to be sent to the Board of Directors.
- 3rd offense: fine to be imposed and reviewed by the MLS Committee with a recommendation to the Board of Directors for offense.

In the event of an agent's password being shared multiple times it may be reviewed as a first offense which may result/encompass multiple fines.

Coming Soon Advertising:

- \$100.00 fine will be imposed.

Yard Sign Infraction:

- \$100.00 fine will be imposed.

All fines must be paid in full prior to thirty (30) days from date of infraction. If a violation is challenged, challenge form and all supporting documentation must be submitted within thirty (30) days from the date of the infraction, the final decision will be determined by the MLS Committee. **L**

Section 9.2 Complaints of Unethical Conduct

All other complaints of unethical conduct shall be referred by the committee to the CEO of the Association for appropriate action in accordance with the professional standards procedures established in the association's bylaws. *(Amended 11/88)* **M**

Section 9.3 Complaints of Unauthorized Use of Listing content

Any participant who believes another participant has engaged in the unauthorized use or display of listing content, including photographs, images, audio or video recordings, and virtual tours, shall send notice of such alleged unauthorized use to the MLS. Such notice shall be in writing, specifically identify the allegedly unauthorized content, and be delivered to the MLS not more than sixty (60) days after the alleged misuse was first identified. No participant may pursue action over the alleged unauthorized use and display of listing content in a court of law without first completing the notice and response procedures outlined in this Section 9.3 of the MLS rules. Upon receiving a notice, the committee (Board of Directors) will send the notice to the participant who is accused of unauthorized use. Within ten (10) days from receipt, the participant must either: 1) remove the allegedly unauthorized content, or 2) provide proof to the committee (Board of Directors) that the use is authorized. Any proof submitted will be considered by the Committee (Board of Directors), and a decision of whether it establishes authority to use the listing content will be made within thirty (30) days.

If the Committee (Board of Directors) determines that the use of the content was unauthorized, the Committee (Board of Directors) may issue a sanction pursuant to the Section 7 of the MLS rules, including a request to remove and /or stop the use of the unauthorized content within ten (10) days after transmittal of the decision. If the unauthorized use stems from a violation of the MLS rules, that too will be considered at the time of establishing an appropriate sanction.

If after ten (10) days following transmittal of the Committee's (Board of Director's) determination the alleged violation remains uncured (i.e. the content is not removed or the rules violation remains uncured), then the party may seek action through a court of law. **M**

Section 9.4 MLS Rules Violations

MLS participants may not take legal action against another participant for alleged rules violations(s) unless the complaining participant has first exhausted the remedies provided in these rules. **M**

Confidentiality of MLS Information

Section 10 Confidentiality of MLS Information

Any information provided by the multiple listing service to the participants shall be considered official information of the service. Such information shall be considered confidential and exclusively for the use of participants and real estate licensees affiliated with such participants and those participants who are licensed or certified by an appropriate state regulatory agency to engage in the appraisal of real property and licensed or certified appraisers affiliated with such participants. *(Amended 4/92)* **M**

Section 10.1 MLS Not Responsible for Accuracy of Information

The information published and disseminated by the service is communicated verbatim, without change by the service, as filed with the service by the participant. The service does not verify such information provided and disclaims any responsibility for its accuracy. Each participant agrees to hold the service harmless against any liability arising from any inaccuracy or inadequacy of the information such participant provides. **R**

Ownership of MLS Compilation* and Copyright

Section 11

By the act of submission any property listing content to the MLS, the participant represents that and warrants he or she is fully authorized to license the property listing content as contemplated by and in compliance with this sections and these rules and regulations, and also thereby does grant to the MLS license to include the property listing content in its copyrighted MLS compilation, and also in any statistical report on comparables. Listing content includes, but is not limited to, photographs, images, graphics, audio and video recordings, virtual tours, drawings, descriptions, remarks, narratives, pricing information, and other details or information related to the listed property.

Each participant who submits listing content to the MLS agrees to defend and hold the MLS and every other participant harmless from and against any liability or claim arising from any inaccuracy of the submitted listing content or any inadequacy of ownership, license, or title to the submitted listing content. **M**

Note: The Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA) is a federal copyright law that enhances the penalties for copyright infringement occurring on the Internet. The law provides exemptions or “safe harbors” from copyright infringement liability for online service providers (OSP) that satisfy certain criteria. Courts construe the definition of “online service provider” broadly, which would likely include MLSs as well as participants and subscribers hosting an IDX display.

*The term MLS compilation, as used in Sections 11 and 12 herein, shall be construed to include any format in which property listing data is collected and disseminated to the participants, including but not limited to bound book, loose-leaf binder, computer database, card file, or any other format whatsoever.

One safe harbor limits the liability of an OSP that hosts a system, network or website on which Internet users may post user-generated content. If an OSP complies with the provisions of this DMCA safe harbor, it cannot be liable for copyright infringement if a user posts infringing material on its website. This protects an OSP from incurring significant sums in copyright infringement damages, as statutory damages are as high as \$150,000 per work. For this reason, it is highly recommended that MLSs, participants and subscribers comply with the DMCA safe harbor provisions discussed herein.

To qualify for this safe harbor, the OSP must:

1. Designate on its website and register with the Copyright Office an agent to receive takedown requests. The agent could be the MLS, participant, subscriber, or other individual or entity.
2. Develop and post a DMCA-compliant website policy that addresses repeat offenders.
3. Comply with the DMCA takedown procedure. If a copyright owner submits a takedown notice to the OSP, which alleges infringement of its copyright at a certain location, then the OSP must promptly remove allegedly infringing material. The alleged infringer may submit a counter-notice that the OSP must share with the copyright owner. If the copyright owner fails to initiate a copyright lawsuit within ten (10) days, then the OSP may restore the removed material.
4. Have no actual knowledge of any complained-of infringing activity.
5. Not be aware of facts or circumstances from which complained-of infringing activity is apparent.
6. Not receive a financial benefit attributable to complained-of infringing activity when the OSP is capable of controlling such activity.

Full compliance with these DMCA safe harbor criteria will mitigate an OSP's copyright infringement liability. For more information see 17 U.S.C. §512. *(Adopted 11/15)* **I**

Section 11.1

All right, title, and interest in each copy of every multiple listing compilation created and copyrighted by The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS® and in the copyrights therein, shall at all times remain vested in The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®. **R**

Section 11.2 Display

Each participant shall be entitled to lease from The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS® a number of copies of each MLS compilation sufficient to provide the participant and each person affiliated as a licensee (including licensed or certified appraisers) with such participant with one copy of such compilation. The participant shall pay for each such copy the rental fee set by the association. *

*This section should not be construed to require the participant to lease a copy of the MLS compilation for any licensee (or licensed or certified appraiser) affiliated with the participant who is engaged exclusively in a specialty of the real estate business other than listing, selling, or appraising the types of properties which are required to be filed with the MLS and who does not, at any time, have access to or use of the MLS information or MLS facility of the association.

Participants shall acquire by such lease only the right to use the MLS compilation in accordance with these rules. **M**

Use of Copyrighted MLS Compilation

Section 12 Distribution

Participants shall, at all times, maintain control over and responsibility for each copy of any MLS compilation leased to them by the association of REALTORS®, and shall not distribute any such copies to persons other than subscribers who are affiliated with such participant as licensees, those individuals who are licensed or certified by an appropriate state regulatory agency to engage in the appraisal of real property, and any other subscribers as authorized pursuant to the governing documents of the MLS. Use of information developed by or published by an association multiple listing service is strictly limited to the activities authorized under a participant's licensure(s) or certification, and unauthorized uses are prohibited. Further, none of the foregoing is intended to convey participation or membership or any right of access to information developed or published by an association multiple listing service where access to such information is prohibited by law. *(Amended 4/92)* **R**

Section 12.1 Display

Participants and those persons affiliated as licensees with such participants shall be permitted to display the MLS compilation to prospective purchasers only in conjunction with their ordinary business activities of attempting to locate ready, willing, and able buyers for the properties described in said MLS compilation. **M**

Section 12.2 Reproduction

Participants or their affiliated licensees shall not reproduce any MLS compilation or any portion thereof, except in the following limited circumstances:

Participants or their affiliated licensees may reproduce from the MLS compilation and distribute to prospective purchasers a reasonable* number of single copies of property listing data contained in the MLS compilation which relate to any properties in which the prospective purchasers are or may, in the judgment of the participant or their affiliated licensees, be interested.

Reproductions made in accordance with this rule shall be prepared in such a fashion that the property listing data of properties other than that in which the prospective purchaser has expressed interest, or in which the participant or the affiliated licensees are seeking to promote interest, does not appear on such reproduction. **M**

*It is intended that the participant be permitted to provide prospective purchasers with listing data relating to properties which the prospective purchaser has a bona fide interest in purchasing or in which the participant is seeking to promote interest. The term reasonable, as used herein, should therefore be construed to permit only limited reproduction of property listing data intended to facilitate the prospective purchaser's decision-making process in the consideration of a purchase. Factors which shall be considered in deciding whether the reproductions made are consistent with this intent and thus reasonable in number, shall include, but are not limited to, the total number of listings in the MLS compilation, how closely the types of properties contained in such listings accord with the prospective purchaser's expressed desires and ability to purchase, whether the reproductions were made on a selective basis, and whether the type of properties contained in the property listing data is consistent with a normal itinerary of properties which would be shown to the prospective purchaser.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed to preclude any participant from utilizing, displaying, distributing, or reproducing property listing sheets or other compilations of data pertaining exclusively to properties currently listed for sale with the participant.

Any MLS information, whether provided in written or printed form, provided electronically, or provided in any other form or format, is provided for the exclusive use of the participant and those licensees affiliated with the participant who are authorized to have access to such information. Such information may not be transmitted, retransmitted, or provided in any manner to any unauthorized individual, office, or firm.

None of the foregoing shall be construed to prevent any individual legitimately in possession of current listing information, sold information, comparables, or statistical information from utilizing such information to support valuations on particular properties for clients and customers. Any MLS content in data feeds available to participants for real estate brokerage purposes must also be available to participants for valuation purposes, including automated valuations. MLSs must either permit use of existing data feeds, or create a separate data feed, to satisfy this requirement. MLSs may require execution of a third-party license agreement where deemed appropriate by the MLS. MLSs may require participants who will use such data feeds to pay the reasonably estimated costs incurred by the MLS in adding or enhancing its downloading capacity for this purpose. Information deemed confidential may not be used as supporting documentation. Any other use of such information is unauthorized and prohibited by these rules and regulations. *(Amended 05/14)*

Use of MLS Information

Section 13 Limitations on Use of MLS Information

Use of information from MLS compilation of current listing information, from the association's statistical report, or from any sold or comparable report of the association or MLS for public mass-media advertising by an MLS participant or in other public representations, may not be prohibited.

However, any print or non-print forms of advertising or other forms of public representations based in whole or in part on information supplied by the association or its MLS must clearly demonstrate the period of time over which such claims are based and must include the following, or substantially similar, notice:

Based on information from the association of REALTORS® (alternatively, from The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS® Multiple Listing Service for the period (date) through (date). *(Amended 11/93)* **M**

Changes in Rules and Regulations

Section 14 Changes in Rules and Regulations

Amendments to the Rules and Regulations of the Service shall be by a majority vote of the members of the multiple listing service committee, subject to approval by the Board of Directors of The Southwest Louisiana Association of REALTORS®. **M**

Section 15 Deleted
Section 16 Reserved

Orientation

Section 17 Orientation

Any applicant for MLS participation and any licensee (including licensed or certified appraisers) affiliated with an MLS participant who has access to and use of MLS-generated information shall complete an orientation program of no more than eight (8) classroom hours devoted to the MLS rules and regulations and computer training related to MLS information entry and retrieval and the operation of the MLS within thirty (30) days after access has been provided. *(Amended 11/04)* **M**

Participants and subscribers may be required, at the discretion of the MLS, to complete additional training of not more than four (4) classroom hours in any twelve (12) month period when deemed necessary by the MLS to familiarize participants and subscribers with system changes or enhancements and/or changes to MLS rules or policies. Participants and subscribers must be given the opportunity to complete any mandated orientation and additional training remotely. *(Amended 11/17)*

Internet Data Exchange (IDX)

Section 18 IDX Defined

IDX affords MLS participants the ability to authorize limited electronic display and delivery of their listings by other participants via the following authorized mediums under the participant's control: websites, mobile apps, and audio devices. As used throughout these rules, "display" includes "delivery" of such listing. *(Amended 5/17)* **M**

Section 18.1 Authorization

Participants' consent for display of their listings by other participants pursuant to these rules and regulations is presumed unless a participant affirmatively notifies the MLS that the participant refuses to permit display (either on a blanket or on a listing-by-listing basis). If a participant refuses on a blanket basis to permit the display of that participant's listings, that participant may not download, frame or display the aggregated MLS data of other participants. * **M**

*Even where participants have given blanket authority for other participants to display their listings through IDX, such consent may be withdrawn on a listing-by-listing basis where the seller has prohibited all Internet display or other electronic forms of display or distribution. *(Amended 05/17)*

Section 18.2 Participation

Participation in IDX is available to all MLS participants who are REALTORS® who are engaged in real estate brokerage and who consent to display of their listings by other participants. *(Amended 11/09)*. **M**

Section 18.2.1

Participants must notify the MLS of their intention to display IDX information and must give the MLS direct access for purposes of monitoring/ensuring compliance with applicable rules and policies. *(Amended 05/12)* **M**

Section 18.2.2

MLS participants may not use IDX-provided listings for any purpose other than display as provided for in these rules. This does not require participants to prevent indexing of IDX listings by recognized search engines. *(Amended 05/12)* **M**

Section 18.2.3

Listings, including property addresses, can be included in IDX displays except where a seller has directed their listing broker to withhold their listing or the listing's property address from all display on the Internet (including, but not limited to, publicly-accessible websites or VOWs) or other electronic forms of display or distribution. *(Amended 05/17)* **M**

Section 18.2.4

Participants may select the listings they choose to display through IDX based only on objective criteria including, but not limited to, factors such as geography or location ("uptown," "downtown," etc.), list price, type of property (e.g., condominiums, cooperatives, single-family detached, multi-family), cooperative compensation offered by listing brokers, type of listing (e.g., exclusive right-to-sell or exclusive agency), or the level of service being provided by the listing firm. Selection of listings displayed through IDX must be independently made by each participant. *(Amended 5/17)* **M**

Section 18.2.5

Participants must refresh all MLS downloads and IDX displays automatically fed by those downloads at least once every twelve (12) hours. *(Amended 11/14)* **M**

Section 18.2.6

Except as provided in the IDX policy and these rules, an IDX site or a participant or user operating an IDX site or displaying IDX information as otherwise permitted may not distribute, provide, or make any portion of the MLS database available to any person or entity. *(Amended 05/12)* **M**

Section 18.2.7

Any IDX display controlled by a participant must clearly identify the name of the brokerage firm under which they operate in a readily visible color and typeface. For purposes of the IDX policy and these rules, "control" means the ability to add, delete, modify and update information as required by the IDX policy and MLS rules. *(Amended 05/12)* **M**

Section 18.2.8

Any IDX display controlled by a participant or subscriber that

- a. allows third-parties to write comments or reviews about particular listings or displays a hyperlink to such comments or reviews in immediate conjunction with particular listings, or
- b. displays an automated estimate of the market value of the listing (or hyperlink to such estimate) in immediate conjunction with the listing,

either or both of those features shall be disabled or discontinued for the seller's listings at the request of the seller. The listing broker or agent shall communicate to the MLS that the seller has elected to have one or both of these features disabled or discontinued on all displays controlled by participants. Except for the foregoing and subject to Section 18.2.9, a participant's IDX display may communicate the participant's professional judgment concerning any listing. Nothing shall prevent an IDX display from notifying its customers that a particular feature has been disabled at the request of the seller. *(Adopted 05/12)* **M**

Section 18.2.9

Participants shall maintain a means (e.g., e-mail address, telephone number) to receive comments about the accuracy of any data or information that is added by or on behalf of the participant beyond that supplied by the MLS and that relates to a specific property. Participants shall correct or remove any false data or information relating to a specific property upon receipt of a communication from the listing broker or listing agent for the property explaining why the data or information is false. However, participants shall not be obligated to remove or correct any data or information that simply reflects good faith opinion, advice, or professional judgment. *(Amended 05/12)* **M**

Section 18.2.10

An MLS participant (or where permitted locally, an MLS subscriber) may co-mingle the listings of other brokers received in an IDX feed with listings available from other MLS IDX feeds, provided all such displays are consistent with the IDX rules, and the MLS participant (or MLS subscriber) holds participatory rights in those MLSs. As used in this policy, "co-mingling" means that consumers are able to execute a single property search of multiple IDX data feeds resulting in the display of IDX information from each of the MLSs on a single search results page; and that participants may display listings from each IDX feed on a single webpage or display. *(Adopted 11/14)* **M**

Section 18.2.11

Participants shall not modify or manipulate information relating to other participants listings. MLS participants may augment their IDX display of MLS data with applicable property information from other sources to appear on the same webpage or display, clearly separated by the data supplied by the MLS. The source(s) of the information must be clearly identified in the immediate proximity to such data. This requirement does not restrict the format of MLS data display or display of fewer than all of the available listings or fewer authorized fields. *(Adopted 05/15)* **M**

Section 18.2.12

All listings displayed pursuant to IDX shall identify the listing firm in a reasonably prominent location and in a readily visible color and typeface not smaller than the median used in the display of listing data. * (Amended 05/17) **M**

Section 18.3 Display

Display of listing information pursuant to IDX is subject to the following rules:

Note: All of the following rules are optional but, if adopted, cannot be modified. Select those rules which apply to your IDX program and number the sections accordingly.

Section 18.3.1

Listings displayed pursuant to IDX shall contain only those fields of data designated by the MLS. Display of all other fields (as determined by the MLS) is prohibited. Confidential fields intended only for other MLS participants and users (e.g., cooperative compensation offers, showing instructions, property security information, etc.) may not be displayed. (Amended 05/12) **O**

Section 18.3.1.1

The type of listing agreement (e.g., exclusive right to sell, exclusive agency, etc.) may not be displayed. (Amended 05/12) **O**

Section 18.3.2

Deleted May 2015.

Section 18.3.3

Deleted May 2017; moved to 18.2.12 May 2017.

Section 18.3.4 -Reserved

Section 18.3.5

Non-principal brokers and sales licensees affiliated with IDX participants may display information available through IDX on their own websites subject to their participant's consent and control and the requirements of state law and/or regulation. **O**

Section 18.3.6

Deleted November 2006.

Section 18.3.7

All listings displayed pursuant to IDX shall show the MLS as the source of the information. * (Amended 05/17) **O**

Section 18.3.8

Participants (and their affiliated licensees, if applicable) shall indicate on their websites that IDX information is provided exclusively for consumers' personal, non-commercial use, that it may not be used for any purpose other than to identify prospective properties consumers may be interested in purchasing, and that the data is deemed reliable but is not guaranteed accurate by the MLS. The MLS may, at its discretion, require use of other disclaimers as necessary to protect participants and/or the MLS from liability. * (Amended 05/17) **O**

Section 18.3.9

The data consumers can retrieve or download in response to an inquiry shall be determined by the MLS but in no instance shall be limited to fewer than five hundred (500) listings or fifty percent (50%) of the listings available for IDX display, whichever is fewer. *(Amended 11/17)* ○

Section 18.3.10

The right to display other participants' listings pursuant to IDX shall be limited to a participant's office(s) holding participatory rights in this MLS. ○

Section 18.3.11

Listings obtained through IDX feeds from REALTOR® Association MLSs where the MLS participant holds participatory rights must be displayed separately from listings obtained from other sources. Listings obtained from other sources (e.g., from other MLSs, from non-participating brokers, etc.) must display the source from which each such listing was obtained. * *(Amended 05/17)* ○

Note: An MLS participant (or where permitted locally, an MLS subscriber) may co-mingle the listings of other brokers received in an IDX feed with listings available from other MLS IDX feeds, provided all such displays are consistent with the IDX rules, and the MLS participant (or MLS subscriber) holds participatory rights in those MLSs. As used in this policy, "co-mingling" means that consumers are able to execute a single property search of multiple IDX data feeds resulting in the display of IDX information from each of the MLSs on a single search results page; and that participants may display listings from each IDX feed on a single webpage or display. *(Adopted 11/14)*

Section 18.3.12

Display of expired, withdrawn and sold listings** is prohibited. *(Amended 11/15)* ○

Section 18.3.13

Display of seller's(s') and/or occupant's(s') name(s), phone number(s), and e-mail address(es) is prohibited. ○

Note: The following Sections 18.3.14 and 18.3.15 may be adopted by MLSs that provide participants with a "persistent" download (i.e., where the MLS database resides on participants' servers) of the MLS database.

Section 18.3.14

Participants are required to employ appropriate security protection such as firewalls on their websites and displays, provided that any security measures required may not be greater than those employed by the MLS. *(Amended 05/12)* ○

*Displays of minimal information (e.g., "thumbnails", text messages, "tweets", etc., of two hundred [200] characters or less) are exempt from this requirement but only when linked directly to a display that includes all required disclosures. For audio delivery of listing content, all required disclosures must be subsequently delivered electronically to the registered consumer performing the property search or linked to through the device's application. *(Amended 05/17)*

****Note:** If "sold" information is publicly accessible, display of "sold" listings may not be prohibited. *(Adopted 11/14)*

Section 18.3.15

Participants must maintain an audit trail of consumer activity on their website and make that information available to the MLS if the MLS believes the IDX site has caused or permitted a breach in the security of the data or a violation of MLS rules related to use by consumers.

(Amended 05/12) ○

Section 18.3.16

Deceptive or misleading advertising (including co-branding) on pages displaying IDX-provided listings is prohibited. For purposes of these rules, co-branding will be presumed not to be deceptive or misleading if the participant's logo and contact information is larger than that of any third party. *(Adopted 11/09)* ○

Section 18.4 Service Fees and Charges

Service fees and charges for participation in IDX shall be billed on annual basis from the inspection date of the Data Licensing Agreement and shall be as established annually by the Board of Directors. All IDX service fees are not refundable. ○

Section 18.4.1 Fees Schedule*

- **Back Office Feed – One free per Brokerage**
- **IDX Feed - \$150.00**
- **IDX Plus Feed - \$250.00**

Section 19

Virtual Office Websites (VOWs)

Section 19.1 VOW Defined

- a. A "Virtual Office Website" (VOW) is a participant's Internet website, or a feature of a participant's website, through which the participant is capable of providing real estate brokerage services to consumers with whom the participant has first established a broker-consumer relationship (as defined by state law) where the consumer has the opportunity to search MLS listing information, subject to the participant's oversight, supervision, and accountability. A non-principal broker or sales licensee affiliated with a participant may, with his or her participant's consent, operate a VOW. Any VOW of a non-principal broker or sales licensee is subject to the participant's oversight, supervision, and accountability. **M**

***Note:** See Additional Terms page 5 for Fee Schedule definitions

- b. As used in Section 19 of these rules, the term “participant” includes a participant’s affiliated non-principal brokers and sales licensees—except when the term is used in the phrases “participant’s consent” and “participant’s oversight, supervision, and accountability”. References to “VOW” and “VOWs” include all Virtual Office Websites, whether operated by a participant, by a non-principal broker or sales licensee, or by an “Affiliated VOW Partner” (AVP) on behalf of a participant. **M**
- c. “Affiliated VOW Partner” (AVP) refers to an entity or person designated by a participant to operate a VOW on behalf of the participant, subject to the participant’s supervision, accountability, and compliance with the VOW policy. No AVP has independent participation rights in the MLS by virtue of its right to receive information on behalf of a participant. No AVP has the right to use MLS listing information, except in connection with operation of a VOW on behalf of one or more participants. Access by an AVP to MLS listing information is derivative of the rights of the participant on whose behalf the AVP operates a VOW. **M**
- d. As used in Section 19 of these rules, the term “MLS listing information” refers to active listing information and sold data provided by participants to the MLS and aggregated and distributed by the MLS to participants. **M**

Section 19.2

- a. The right of a participant’s VOW to display MLS listing information is limited to that supplied by the MLS(s) in which the participant has participatory rights. However, a participant with offices participating in different MLSs may operate a master website with links to the VOWs of the other offices. **M**
- b. Subject to the provisions of the VOW policy and these rules, a participant’s VOW, including any VOW operated on behalf of a participant by an AVP, may provide other features, information, or functions, e.g., “Internet Data Exchange” (IDX). **M**
- c. Except as otherwise provided in the VOW policy or in these rules, a participant need not obtain separate permission from other MLS participants whose listings will be displayed on the participant’s VOW. **M**

Section 19.3

- a. Before permitting any consumer to search for or retrieve any MLS listing information on his or her VOW, the participant must take each of the following steps.
 - i. The participant must first establish with that consumer a lawful broker-consumer relationship (as defined by state law), including completion of all actions required by state law in connection with providing real estate brokerage services to clients and customers (hereinafter, “Registrants”). Such actions shall include, but are not limited to, satisfying all applicable agency, non-agency, and other disclosure obligations, and execution of any required agreements.
 - ii. The participant must obtain the name of and a valid e-mail address for each Registrant. The participant must send an e-mail to the address provided by the Registrant confirming that the Registrant has agreed to the terms of use (described in Subsection d., below). The participant must verify that the e-mail address provided by the Registrant is valid and that the Registrant has agreed to the terms of use.

- iii. The participant must require each Registrant to have a user name and a password, the combination of which is different from those of all other Registrants on the VOW. The participant may, at his or her option, supply the user name and password or may allow the Registrant to establish its user name and password. The participant must also assure that any e-mail address is associated with only one user name and password. **M**
- b. The participant must assure that each Registrant's password expires on a date certain but may provide for renewal of the password. The participant must at all times maintain a record of the name, e-mail address, user name, and current password of each Registrant. The participant must keep such records for not less than one hundred eighty (180) days after the expiration of the validity of the Registrant's password. **M**
- c. If the MLS has reason to believe that a participant's VOW has caused or permitted a breach in the security of MLS listing information or a violation of MLS rules, the participant shall, upon request of the MLS, provide the name, e-mail address, user name, and current password, of any Registrant suspected of involvement in the breach or violation. The participant shall also, if requested by the MLS, provide an audit trail of activity by any such Registrant. **M**
- d. The participant shall require each Registrant to review and affirmatively to express agreement (by mouse click or otherwise) to a terms of use provision that provides at least the following:
 - i. that the Registrant acknowledges entering into a lawful consumer-broker relationship with the participant
 - ii. that all information obtained by the Registrant from the VOW is intended only for the Registrant's personal, non-commercial use
 - iii. that the Registrant has a bona fide interest in the purchase, sale, or lease of real estate of the type being offered through the VOW
 - iv. that the Registrant will not copy, redistribute, or retransmit any of the information provided, except in connection with the Registrant's consideration of the purchase or sale of an individual property
 - v. that the Registrant acknowledges the MLS' ownership of and the validity of the MLS' copyright in the MLS database **M**
- e. The terms of use agreement may not impose a financial obligation on the Registrant or create any representation agreement between the Registrant and the participant. Any agreement entered into at any time between the participant and Registrant imposing a financial obligation on the Registrant or creating representation of the Registrant by the participant must be established separately from the terms of use, must be prominently labeled as such, and may not be accepted solely by mouse click. **M**
- f. The terms of use agreement shall also expressly authorize the MLS and other MLS participants or their duly authorized representatives to access the VOW for the purposes of verifying compliance with MLS rules and monitoring display of participants' listings by the VOW. The agreement may also include such other provisions as may be agreed to between the participant and the Registrant. **M**

Section 19.4

A participant's VOW must prominently display an e-mail address, telephone number, or specific identification of another mode of communication (e.g., live chat) by which a consumer can contact the participant to ask questions or get more information about any property displayed on the VOW. The participant or a non-principal broker or sales licensee licensed with the participant must be willing and able to respond knowledgeably to inquiries from Registrants about properties within the market area served by that participant and displayed on the VOW.

M

Section 19.5

A participant's VOW must employ reasonable efforts to monitor for and prevent misappropriation, scraping, and other unauthorized uses of MLS listing information. A participant's VOW shall utilize appropriate security protection such as firewalls as long as this requirement does not impose security obligations greater than those employed concurrently by the MLS. **M**

Note: MLSs may adopt rules requiring Participants to employ specific security measures, provided that any security measure required does not impose obligations greater than those employed by the MLS.

Section 19.6

- a. A participant's VOW shall not display the listings or property addresses of any seller who has affirmatively directed the listing broker to withhold the seller's listing or property address from display on the Internet. The listing broker shall communicate to the MLS that the seller has elected not to permit display of the listing or property address on the Internet. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a participant who operates a VOW may provide to consumers via other delivery mechanisms, such as e-mail, fax, or otherwise, the listings of sellers who have determined not to have the listing for their property displayed on the Internet. **M**
- b. A participant who lists a property for a seller who has elected not to have the property listing or the property address displayed on the Internet shall cause the seller to execute a document that includes the following (or a substantially similar) provision. **M**

Seller Opt-out Form

1. Check one.
 - a. I have advised my broker or sales agent that I do not want the listed property to be displayed on the Internet.
 - b. I have advised my broker or sales agent that I do not want the address of the listed property to be displayed on the Internet.
2. I understand and acknowledge that if I have selected Option a., consumers who conduct searches for listings on the Internet will not see information about the listed property in response to their searches.

Initials of Seller

- c. The participant shall retain such forms for at least one (1) year from the date they are signed or one (1) year from the date the listing goes off the market, whichever is greater. **M**

Section 19.7

- a. Subject to Subsection b., below, a participant's VOW may allow third-parties:
- i. to write comments or reviews about particular listings or display a hyperlink to such comments or reviews in immediate conjunction with particular listings, or
 - ii. to display an automated estimate of the market value of the listing (or hyperlink to such estimate) in immediate conjunction with the listing. **M**
- b. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at the request of a seller, the participant shall disable or discontinue either or both of those features described in Subsection a. as to any listing of the seller. The listing broker or agent shall communicate to the MLS that the seller has elected to have one or both of these features disabled or discontinued on all participants' websites. Subject to the foregoing and to Section 19.8, a participant's VOW may communicate the participant's professional judgment concerning any listing. A participant's VOW may notify its customers that a particular feature has been disabled at the request of the seller. **M**

Section 19.8

A participant's VOW shall maintain a means (e.g., e-mail address, telephone number) to receive comments from the listing broker about the accuracy of any information that is added by or on behalf of the participant beyond that supplied by the MLS and that relates to a specific property displayed on the VOW. The participant shall correct or remove any false information relating to a specific property within forty-eight (48) hours following receipt of a communication from the listing broker explaining why the data or information is false. The participant shall not, however, be obligated to correct or remove any data or information that simply reflects good faith opinion, advice, or professional judgment. **M**

Section 19.9

A participant shall cause the MLS listing information available on its VOW to be refreshed at least once every three (3) days. **M**

Section 19.10

Except as provided in these rules, in the National Association of REALTORS®' VOW policy, or in any other applicable MLS rules or policies, no participant shall distribute, provide, or make accessible any portion of the MLS listing information to any person or entity. **M**

Section 19.11

A participant's VOW must display the participant's privacy policy informing Registrants of all of the ways in which information that they provide may be used. **M**

Section 19.12

A participant's VOW may exclude listings from display based only on objective criteria, including, but not limited to, factors such as geography, list price, type of property, cooperative compensation offered by listing broker, and whether the listing broker is a REALTOR®. **M**

Section 19.13

A participant who intends to operate a VOW to display MLS listing information must notify the MLS of its intention to establish a VOW and must make the VOW readily accessible to the MLS and to all MLS participants for purposes of verifying compliance with these rules, the VOW policy, and any other applicable MLS rules or policies. **M**

Section 19.14

A participant may operate more than one VOW himself or herself or through an AVP. A participant who operates his or her own VOW may contract with an AVP to have the AVP operate other VOWs on his or her behalf. However, any VOW operated on behalf of a participant by an AVP is subject to the supervision and accountability of the participant. **M**

Section 19.15

A participant's VOW may **NOT** make available for search by or display to Registrants any of the following information:

- a. expired and withdrawn listings

Note: Due to the 2015 changes in IDX policy and the requirement that participants be permitted to make MLS listing information available to Registrants of VOW sites where such information may be made available via other delivery mechanisms, MLSs can no longer prohibit the display of pending ("under contract") listings on VOW sites.

- b. the compensation offered to other MLS participants
- c. the type of listing agreement, i.e., exclusive right-to-sell or exclusive agency
- d. the seller's and occupant's name(s), phone number(s), or e-mail address(es)
- e. instructions or remarks intended for cooperating brokers only, such as those regarding showings or security of listed property

Section 19.16

A participant shall not change the content of any MLS listing information that is displayed on a VOW from the content as it is provided in the MLS. The participant may, however, augment MLS listing information with additional information not otherwise prohibited by these rules or by other applicable MLS rules or policies, as long as the source of such other information is clearly identified. This rule does not restrict the format of display of MLS listing information on VOWs or the display on VOWs of fewer than all of the listings or fewer than all of the authorized information fields. **O**

Section 19.17

A participant shall cause to be placed on his or her VOW a notice indicating that the MLS listing information displayed on the VOW is deemed reliable but is not guaranteed accurate by the MLS. A participant's VOW may include other appropriate disclaimers necessary to protect the participant and/or the MLS from liability. **O**

Section 19.18 Reserved

Section 19.19

A participant shall limit the number of listings that a Registrant may view, retrieve, or download to not more than 500 current listings and not more than 50% sold listings in response to any inquiry. ○

Note: The number of listings that may be viewed, retrieved, or downloaded should be specified by the MLS in the context of this rule, but may not be fewer than five hundred (500) listings or fifty percent (50%) of the listings in the MLS, whichever is less. *(Amended 11/17)* M

Section 19.20 Reserved

Section 19.21

A participant may display advertising and the identification of other entities (“co-branding”) on any VOW the participant operates or that is operated on his or her behalf. However, a participant may not display on any such VOW deceptive or misleading advertising or co-branding. For purposes of this section, co-branding will be presumed not to be deceptive or misleading if the participant’s logo and contact information (or that of at least one participant, in the case of a VOW established and operated on behalf of more than one participant) is displayed in immediate conjunction with that of every other party, and the logo and contact information of all participants displayed on the VOW is as large as the logo of the AVP and larger than that of any third party. ○

Section 19.22

A participant shall cause any listing displayed on his or her VOW obtained from other sources, including from another MLS or from a broker not participating in the MLS, to identify the source of the listing. ○

Section 19.23 Reserved

Section 19.24

Participants and the AVPs operating VOWs on their behalf must execute the license agreement required by the MLS. ○

Section 19.25

Where a seller affirmatively directs his or her listing broker to withhold either the seller’s listing or the address of the seller’s listing from display on the Internet, a copy of the seller’s affirmative direction shall be provided to the MLS within forty-eight (48) hours. ○

Section 19.3 Service Fees and Charges

VOW service fees and charges for participation shall be billed on annual basis from the inception date of the Data Licensing Agreement. All VOW service fees are not refundable.

Section 19.3.1 Fee Schedule

- Vow Annual Service Fee - \$1500.00 L

Select Interpretations from the Official Interpretations of Article I, Section 2 of the National Association of REALTORS® Bylaws as Referred to in this Handbook

INTERPRETATION NO. 1 *(Adopted November 15, 1960)*

“A requirement to participate in a Multiple Listing Service in order to gain and maintain REALTOR® membership is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

When a Multiple Listing Service is available, is well operated and properly organized, it is the duty of the REALTOR® to consider thoroughly whether he can serve the best interests of his clients by participating in it. The decision, however, must be his own. As a REALTOR®, it is possible for him to conduct his business in an ethical and efficient manner without participating in a Multiple Listing Service. Therefore, his participation must not be a requirement of REALTOR® membership.

INTERPRETATION NO. 2 *(Adopted January 24, 1961)*

“An initiation fee in excess of three times the amount of the annual rates of dues is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

Member Boards must not place unreasonable burdens on applicants for membership. The requirements for membership must be reasonable and nondiscriminatory.

The initiation fee, if any, charged by a Board must not constitute an unreasonable barrier to membership of a person otherwise qualified. Nor should a Board seek to finance its activities and operations from initiation fees.

The National Association deems any initiation fee in excess of three times the amount of the annual rates of dues, including state and national, to be unreasonable and therefore inequitable.

Since under Interpretation No. 1, participation in a Board Multiple Listing Service is not mandatory, the Board initiation fee, if any, must be separate from any participation fee which may be charged for the Multiple Listing Service.

INTERPRETATION NO. 6 *(Adopted January 24, 1961)*

“Any regulation restricting or limiting the practice of a REALTOR® in the conduct of his business, unless it concerns ethical practice, is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

This Interpretation establishes a rather general guide to the type of rules which a Board may adopt, i.e., in furtherance and support of the Code of Ethics, but guards against the type of rules which unreasonably restrict the Member in the conduct of his business on a basis other than related to the Code of Ethics.

The intent of this Interpretation is to avoid the necessity of the Board of Directors passing upon innumerable details about which Boards constantly inquire. The administrative staff is under instruction to advise a Member Board, upon inquiry, as to whether a practice or proposed rule appears to be inconsistent with, or in violation of, the Bylaw against inequitable rules. If the Member Board then wishes to request an official interpretation by the Board of Directors, it may do so.

Any Member also is entitled to an interpretation upon request. However, as a matter of policy, the National Association prefers that inquiries come from Member Boards. It cannot, however, deny any Member the right to request an interpretation.

INTERPRETATION NO. 9 *(Adopted January 24, 1961, Revised May 8, 1973)*

“Requirement of a ‘Waiting Period’ before being considered for REALTOR® membership is not an inequitable limitation on its membership if related to the period of time necessary to process the application, not to exceed six months.”

It is consistent with assurance of ethical business practice for a Board of REALTORS® to require that an applicant for membership submit an application detailing past history. The National Association, as a matter of policy, urges thorough investigation into the background of applicants for membership. This affords the Board an opportunity to investigate the individual’s business conduct and record.

An applicant is entitled to prompt consideration of his application and final disposition of such application must be made within six months.

INTERPRETATION NO. 10 *(Adopted May 9, 1961, Revised November 12, 1988)*

“A Board rule purporting to require a REALTOR® who holds an exclusive listing to give blanket consent to either subagents or cooperating brokers representing buyers to arrange appointments to show listed property directly with the owner or to negotiate the purchase of listed property directly with the owner, rather than through the listing broker, obstructs observance of Article 3, and thereby is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

This Interpretation affirms the basic agency relationship between the listing broker and his principal as defined in the listing contract. A Board or MLS rule may not properly interfere with or supersede the relationship established by the terms of the agreement between the broker and his principal.

The cooperating broker as a subagent of the listing broker or as an agent of the buyer enjoys only such rights to show or sell the listing as are granted to him by the listing broker who is ultimately responsible to the principal.

INTERPRETATION NO. 11 *(Adopted May 9, 1961)*

“A rule of a Member Board prohibiting the acceptance of open listings by Members is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

Although the Preamble of the Code of Ethics places upon the REALTOR® the aspirational ideal that he “urge the exclusive listing of property . . .,” it does not provide that a nonexclusive listing should not be accepted.

The REALTOR® must be free to enter into any form of listing contract mutually agreeable to the REALTOR® and the client.

INTERPRETATION NO. 14 *(Adopted May 9, 1961, Revised January 26, 1971)*

“A Member Board rule or practice which requires Members to adhere to a schedule of fees or commissions, or which authorizes or includes the preparation or publication of a recommended schedule of fees or commissions, is contrary to the Code of Ethics and to the policy of the National Association of REALTORS® and is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

INTERPRETATION NO. 15 *(Adopted May 9, 1961)*

“A Board rule prohibiting REALTORS® or their salesmen from accepting elective or appointive public office, or requiring their resignation if they accept such office, is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

INTERPRETATION NO. 16 *(Adopted May 9, 1961)*

“A Board rule prohibiting employment of married women as salespersons is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

This Interpretation is a specific application of the general policy of Interpretation No. 20.

INTERPRETATION NO. 17 *(Adopted November 16, 1961)*

“A Board rule imposing an age limit upon applicants for membership is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

Age is not a reasonable criterion for membership.

INTERPRETATION NO. 21 *(Adopted November 12, 1962)*

“A Board rule regulating the number of married women that may be employed is an inequitable limitation and comes within Interpretation No. 16.”

INTERPRETATION NO. 25 *(Adopted May 11, 1965)*

“A Board rule which prevents the participation of a REALTOR® Member, on equal terms with other REALTOR® Members, in a Multiple Listing Service sponsored, organized or sanctioned by the Board, and which is available to REALTOR® Members throughout the Board’s jurisdiction, is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

A Board rule which makes services available to some REALTOR® Members, but not to other REALTOR® Members, when such services are available generally throughout the Board’s jurisdiction, is an inequitable limitation upon the membership.

INTERPRETATION NO. 26 *(Adopted May 10, 1966, Revised November 16, 1977)*

“A Board rule prohibiting the posting by members of ‘for sale’ or other similar signs on property for which the member is agent is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

The right to display “for sale” or other similar signs reasonably designed to inform the public is protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution. Thus, any rule prohibiting the posting of such signs would be an unconstitutional infringement of the freedom of speech of the REALTOR® and his client. Similarly, a Board owned or operated Multiple Listing Service may not endorse any programs by municipalities, civic groups or civil rights organizations to ban or curtail signs, even if such programs are “voluntary,” because of the “chilling effect” such endorsement might have on the exercise of First Amendment rights.

INTERPRETATION NO. 29 *(Adopted May 8, 1973)*

“Application and entrance fees for participation in an Multiple Listing Service, owned by, operated by or affiliated with a Board of REALTORS®, in excess of the approximate cost, including the accumulation and maintenance of reasonable reserves, of developing, maintaining, or improving the organization as a going concern, is an inequitable limitation on the membership.”

All services of a Board of REALTORS®, including Multiple Listing Service, should be available to all REALTOR® Members without restrictive entrance and application fees. Such fees should be related to the approximate costs of bringing the Service to the member and must not be computed on the basis of the number of listings of a Multiple Listing Service or on the basis of a pro rata share of its assets.

INTERPRETATION NO. 30 *(Adopted May 8, 1973)*

“Enforcement of the Code of Ethics by any group, within or without the Board of REALTORS®, other than the Professional Standards Committee and the Board of Directors of the Board of REALTORS®, is an inequitable limitation on its Members.”

Member Boards are required by Article IV of the Bylaws of the National Association to enforce membership compliance with the Code of Ethics. This obligation is properly fulfilled by the Professional Standards Committee and the Board of Directors of the Board. Delegations of this function by the Board to any other body, such as a Multiple Listing Committee, is not appropriate.

INTERPRETATION NO. 31 *(Adopted May 8, 1973, Revised January 31, 1977)*

“A Board rule or a rule of a Multiple Listing Service owned by, operated by or affiliated with a Board, which establishes, limits or restricts the REALTOR® in his relations with a potential purchaser, affecting recognition periods or purporting to predetermine entitlement to any award in arbitration is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

In essence, this is a specific interpretation of the general rule established in Interpretation No. 6 that a Board may not have a rule which restricts or limits the REALTOR® in the conduct of his business unless it concerns ethical practice. Thus, a rule of a Board or Multiple Listing Service which would determine a protection period in reference to a prospective purchaser is an inequitable limitation. Further, the Board or its MLS may not establish a rule or regulation which purports to predetermine entitlement to any awards in a real estate transaction. If controversy arises as to entitlement to any awards, it shall be determined by a hearing in arbitration on the merits of all ascertainable facts in the context of the specific case of controversy.

INTERPRETATION NO. 32 *(Adopted May 8, 1973, Revised November 11, 2013)*

“The inclusion in the dues payable by Board Members of costs of services, products or activities of the Board which properly should be optional is an inequitable limitation on its membership.”

The dues payable by Board Members should represent the allocable costs of the services, products and facilities which are available to and benefit the Members generally, either directly or indirectly. It should not include the costs of those services, products or facilities which can be identified as optional. Thus, for example, the cost of participating in the Board’s MLS should not be included as part of Board dues since whether a Member determines to participate in such an activity will depend upon the Member’s particular method or type of business. The reasonable cost of meals at general membership meetings held pursuant to the Board’s Bylaws may be included in Board dues since such meetings are necessary to the operation of the Board as a whole provided that no more than 35% of the local allocation of the Board’s annual dues revenue may be utilized for this purpose. Associations may, at their discretion, include the costs of lockboxes and lockbox keys, programmers, fobs, smart cards, and other access devices in the association dues.

INTERPRETATION NO. 33 *(Adopted February 5, 1974)*

“It is an inequitable limitation to deny membership to an applicant who maintains an office for the conduct of a real estate business which is open for business during the normal business hours, recognized in the community, and who holds himself out to the public as being actively engaged in real estate business solely upon the grounds the applicant is not so engaged.”

This Interpretation does not contemplate that the broker must devote all or even a majority of his time to his real estate business or derive any particular percentage of his income from such business. It does not contemplate that the licensee shall have no other job or occupation. It does contemplate that the licensee shall actively seek real estate business; that he shall maintain and adequately supervise a real estate office.

Where question arises as to whether or not a licensee is “actively engaged” in the real estate business, he shall be given the opportunity to present evidence concerning the actual and intended nature and scope of his business activities.

INTERPRETATION NO. 34 *(Adopted November 12, 1974)*

“It shall be an inequitable limitation for a Board to require a separate office in each Multiple Listing Service area where there is more than one Multiple Listing Service owned or controlled by the Board within the jurisdiction of the Board in order to participate in each such Multiple Listing Service.”

A REALTOR® is entitled to participate in any and all services and programs sponsored by the Board of REALTORS®. A Board rule which circumscribes the right to such participation restricts and limits the conditions of Board membership in violation of Article I, Section 2, of the Bylaws of the National Association of REALTORS®.

To institute a divisional Multiple Listing Service based on geographic lines within a Board’s jurisdictional area limits access to Board services and activities in a way which could be deemed and adjudged arbitrary and unreasonable.

As such, it is merely an extension of Interpretation No. 25 in that it refers specifically to the right of a REALTOR® to participate in a Board-owned-and-controlled Multiple Listing Service and any geographic division thereof without the necessity of having an office within said geographic division.